# COURSE STRUCTURE OF TWO YEAR M.A. DEGREE COURSE 2024-26



# DEPARTMENT OF POLITICAL SCIENCE SCHOOL OF LIBERAL ARTS AND CULTURE STUDIES ADAMASUNIVERSITY

# POST-GRADUATE COURSE STRUCTURE

# M.A IN POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

#### SEMESTER-I

SL. NO.	TYPES OF	COURSE CODE	TITLE OF THE COURSE		OUR	TAC' RS PE CEK		REMARKS			
110.	COURSES	CODE		L	T	P	C				
1.	CC	POS21060	CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL THEORY		1	0	4	Required			
2.	CC	POS21061	COMPARATIVE POLITICS	3	1	0	4	Required			
3.	CC	POS21064	THEORIES AND THINKERS OF IR	3	1	0	4	Required			
4.	CC	POS21063	LANGUAGE- FRENCH/SPANISH/SWEDISH/UKRANIAN /(RUSSIAN)	3 1 0			4	Required			
5.	GE	ENG21111	SOFT SKILLS	3	1	0	4	Required			
			SUB TOTAL				20				
			SEMESTER-II								
SL. NO.	TYPES OF COURSES	COURSE CODE	TITLE OF THE COURSE	CONTACT HOURS PE WEEK							REMARKS
1,0.		CODE		L	T	P	C				
6.	CC	POS21065	POLITICAL ECONOMY OF DEVELOPMENT	3	1	0	4	Required			
7.	CC	POS21066	FOREIGN POLICY OF MAJOR POWERS	3	1	0	4	Required			
8.	CC	POS21067	INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY	3 1 0		4	Required				
9.	CC	POS21068	LANGUAGE- FRENCH/SPANISH/SWEDISH/UKRANIAN /(RUSSIAN)	3 1 0 4		4	Required				
10.	COC	POS21069	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY	3 1 0		4	Required				
			SUB TOTAL				20				

			SEMESTER III					
SL. No.	TYPEOF COURSE	COURSE CODE	TITLEOFTHECOURSE	CON	NTACT W	HOUR! EEK	SPER	REMARKS
1100	0001182	0022		L	Т	P	С	
13	CC	POS21072	INTERNATIONALLAWAND INSTITUTIONS	3	1	0	4	Required
14	CC	POS21073	POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY	3	1	0	4	Required
15	CC	POS21074	PEACEANDCONFLICTRESOLUTION	3	1	0	4	Required
16	DSE			3	1	0	4	Required
		POS21079	DISCIPLINESPECIFICELECTIVE – Contemporary World Politics					
17	CC	POS21075	PUBLICPOLICYTHEORIES AND PRACTICES	3	1	0	4	Required
18	MDS	POS24070	SUMMER INTERNSHIP	0	0	2	1	Required
19	CC	POS21099	LANGUAGE-FRENCH	3	1	0	4	
				CON	TACT	HOUD	25 SD ED	
SL.	ТҮРЕОГ	COURSE	TITLEOFTHECOURSE	CON	TACT W	HOUK LEK	SPER	REMARKS
No.	COURSE	CODE	IIILEOFTHECOURSE	L	Т	P	С	KEWIAKKS
			POLITICS IN LATIN					
20	CC	POS21090	AMERICA	3	1	0	4	Required
21	CC	POS21085	STATE POLITICS IN INDIA	3	1	0	4	Required
22	CC	POS21086	GEOPOLITICS	3	1	0	4	Required
23	MDS	POS25087	DISSERTATION	2	2	0	4	Required
24	DSE	POS21089	DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVES	3	1	0	4	Required
26	CC	POS21100	LANGUAGE-FRENCH/SPANISH/ SWEDISH/UKRAINIAN/(RUSSIAN SUBTOTAL	3	1	0	24	

# Discipline Specific Electives (DSE) IR:

Students are required to study <u>TWO</u> elective Papers from the Major/ Hons discipline during semester **III and IV**. The lists of the electives are given below.

Choose any ONE in Semes	ter-III	Choose any ONE in Semester-IV		
DIPLOMACY AND FOREIGN POLICY	POS21077	INDIA AND ITS NEIGHBOURS	POS21089	
AREA STUDIES	POS21078	STRATEGIC AND INDIAN DEFENSE STUDIES	POS21090	
CONTEMPORARY WORLD POLITICS	POS21079	SOUTHEASTASIA: POLITICS, SOCIETY, FOREIGNRELATIONS	POS21091	

# **ABBREVIATIONS**

ABBREVIA	TIONS
AEC	ABILITYENHANCEMENT
	COURSE
CC	CORECOURSE
COC	COMMONCOURSE
DSE	DISCIPLINESPECIFIC
	ELECTIVE
	INTERNSHIP

# SEMESTER-I

POS21060	Contemporary Political Theory	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Basiclevelknowledgeinhumanities				
Co-requisites	FundamentalsofInternationalpolitics				-

# **CourseDescription:**

A proper understanding of political situation of a country is must for a citizen. The paper introduces contemporarypoliticaltheory. Politicaltheory is the grammar of Political Science. It is a very important aspect of the discipline, having a wide a scope. It will enable the students to know the subject from the root. The essence of the paper lies in giving a modern perspective to the political theory and thereby providing rationale to study the subject in this changing world of pedagogy. In this course the focus will be on making the students know the fundamentals of the subject. The students will be encouraged to enthusiastically participate in the course interactions. The subject will also allow the students to learn the inter-subjective nature of the Social Science.

# **CourseObjectives:**

- 1. Togiveapreciseunderstandingofthesubjectbyusingvarioustheoriesandapproaches.
- 2. Tohighlightthedynamicsofpoliticaltheorybyincorporatingtherecentchangesintheedifice.
- 3. Tostudypoliticalsciencefromaninterdisciplinaryperspective.
- 4. To enable the studentsto ponderand debateovertheoretical relevance of the ideologies in the current times.

# **CourseOutcomes:**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to--

- CO1. Understand the fundamentals of 'Politics'- Political Theory, Political Philosophy, and Comparative Politics
- CO2. Understand the semantic and modern perspective to the political theory and thereby understanding rationale to study the subject in this changing world of pedagogy.
- CO3. Constructanunderstanding of the major concepts and theoretical perspectives of political systems and practices.
- CO4. Identifythereasons behindthe socialconstruction of Politics.

# **CourseContent:**

MODULE I. LIBERALISM AND ITS CRITIQUES	15
	Lecture
Basic tenants of Classical Liberalism and Its Criticism	Hours
Debates between Classical and Neo-Liberalism	
Contributions of Rawlsand Nozic	
MODULE II.CONTEMPORARY MARXIST POLITICAL THEORY	20
	Lecture
A comparative analysis of Classical Marxism and Neo-Marxism	Hours
Antonio's Gramsci's concept of Hegemony	
Lenin's Reformulation of Marxism	
MODULE III. CONTEMPORARY PERSPECTIVES:	25
	Lecture
• Post-Modernism – Historical context and Fundamental concepts	Hours
Postmodernism; Critique of Grand and Meta-Narratives; The Idea of	
Deconstruction; Post-Modernist Thinkers: Foucault-Lyotard-Derrida.	
• Multiculturalism - Theorizing Multiculturalism: from universal citizenship to	
group-differentiated citizenship; Future of Multiculturalism – an assessment	
• Feminism - Origins and theoretical perspectives on Feminism; The 'Second Wave'	
in Europe and the United States, c. 1960s-1970s; 'Third World Feminism'; Queer	
Feminist Politics	

# **Suggested Readings:**

- Bhargava, R., A.K. Bagchiand R. Sudarshan (ed.), **Multiculturalism, Liberalism and Democracy**, Delhi: OUP 1999
- Gutman, A. (ed) 1994. **Multiculturalismand the Politics of Recognition**, Princeton: Princeton University Press
- Kymlicka, Will, **Multicultural Citizenship**, Oxford: OUP 1995
- Kymlicka, Will, Liberalism, Community and Culture, Oxford: OUP, 1991
- Mahajan, Gurpreet, The Multicultural Path: Issues of Diversity and Discrimination in a Democracy, Sage 2002.
- Mahajan,Gurpreet(ed.),AccommodatingDiversity:IdeasandInstitutionalPractices, Delhi:Oxford University Press,2011

# **Examination Scheme:**

Components	Class Assessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

# Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes (POs)

Mapping	Mapping betweenCOsandPOs					
	Course Outcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes				
CO1	Understandthefundamentalsof Politics'-PoliticalTheory, PoliticalPhilosophy,andComparativePolitics	PO1,PO2,PO6				
CO2	Understand the semantic and modern perspective to the political theory and thereby understanding rationale to study the subject in this changing world of pedagogy.	PO1,PO2, PO4				
СО3	Constructanunderstandingofthemajorconceptsandtheoretical perspectives of political systems and practices.	PO1,PO4				
CO4	IdentifythereasonsbehindsocialconstructionofPolitics.	PO2, PO3, PO5, PO6				

		Critical Thinkin g: Demonst rate	Team spirit and diversity	Integrativ e knowledg e: demonstrat	Policy and Society:a better understan	Leadersh ip Skills and opinion makers:	Research aptitude: honing skills required
		critical thinkinga nd research skills as appliedto public and private sectors	Managin g diversity issues within and organizat ional framewor kkeeping theethics and values integrate d.	ing the integrative knowledge , skills, andethics necessary for responsible and leadership positions	ding of polity and its use and implicati on on societyat large	as an effective memberof a societyto bring sociopolitical change.	for high degree research.
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21060	Contemporary Political Theory	3	3	1	2	1	2

<sup>1=</sup>weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21064	THEORIESANDTHINKERSOF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	L	T	P	С
		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	N/A	•	•	•	
Co-requisites	N/A				

# **Course description:**

This course introduces the major theoretical perspectives in the field of international relations. It explores different ways of understanding and analysing the behaviour of states, international organizations, and other actors on the global stage. The course also examines the historical development of these theories and their practical implications for understanding international politics.

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Demonstrateanunderstandingofmajorinternationalrelationstheoriesandtheir keyconcepts.
- 2. Analyzeandevaluatedifferenttheoreticalapproachestoexplaininternationalphenomena.
- 3. Applytheoreticalframeworkstoreal-world casestudies and current globalissues.
- 4. Engageincritical discussions about the strengths and limitations of various theoretical perspectives.

# **Course Outcome:**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to:

- 1. **CO1**-stress the development of critical thinkingabilities--in particular, by helping students rigorously assess the arguments made by our authors.
- 2. **CO2**-understandsurveytheIRliteratureandwilldosofrommultipletheoreticaland disciplinary perspectives.
- 3. **CO3**-considers several cutting-edge challenges for IR, including the possibility of linking different analytic approaches.
- 4. **CO4** understand main theories and models applied in the studyof international relations, their ambitions, achievements and limitations.

# **Course Content:**

#### Unit-I

# IntroductiontoInternationalRelationsTheories:

- 1. Understandingtheroleof Theory ininternational relations.
- 2. MajorTheoreticalFoundations:Realism,Liberalism,Constructivism
- 3. BehavioralTheories:SystemTheory,CommunicationTheoryand Decision-Making Theory.

# Unit-II

# MarxistTheoriesinInternationalRelations:

- 1. The Evolution of Marxist Theory in International Relations.
- 2. DependencyandWorldSystemTheory
- 3. CriticalTheory.

#### **Unit-III**

# Challenges to Traditional Paradigms:

1. Feminism

- 2. Post-ColonialismandthecritiqueofWestern-centric Theories
- 3. Post-StructuralismandDeconstruction

# Unit-IV

# **ContemporaryTheories:**

- 1. RationalChoiceandGame Theories
- 2. TheoriesofGlobalization
- 3. Peace Studies

# **Suggested Readings:**

- Booth, K., & Erskine, T. (Eds.). (2016). *International relations theory to day*. John Wiley & Sons.
- Griffiths, M. (Ed.). (2007). *International relations theory for the twenty-first century: an introduction*. Routledge.
- Linklater, A. (1990). Beyond realism and Marxism: Critical theory and international relations. Springer.
- Sorensen, G., Moller, J., & Jackson, R.H. (2022). *Introductiontointernational relations: theories and approaches*. Oxford University Press.
- VIOTTI,R.(2010). *International Relations Theory 5th ed.* Longman.
- Weber, C. (2013). International relations theory: a critical introduction. Routledge.

# ModesofEvaluation:Quiz/Assignment/presentation/Written Examination

# **Examination Scheme:**

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term		
Weightage(%)	50	50		

	CourseOutcomes(COs)	MappedProgram Outcomes
CO1	stress the development of critical thinking abilities in particular, by helping students rigorously assess the arguments made by our authors.	P1,P2
CO2	understandsurveytheIRliteratureandwilldosofrommultiple theoretical and disciplinary perspectives.	P1,P3
CO3	considers everal cutting-edge challenges for IR, including the possibility of linking different analytic approaches	P4

CO4	understand main theories and models applied in the studyof	P5	
	international relations, their ambitions, achievements and		
	limitations.		

		CriticalThinking	Team spiritanddiversity	Integrativeknowledge	PolicyandSociety	Leadership Skillsandopinion makers
CourseCode	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
Code: POS21064	THEORIESAND THINKERSOF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS	3	1	3	3	3

1=weaklymapped

2=moderately mapped

3=strongly mapped

POS21067	Indian Foreign Policy	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	BasicUnderstandingofIndianForeignPolicy				
Co-requisites					

# **CourseDescription:**

The subject aims at giving students the knowledge of the evolution, characteristics and principles of Indian foreign policy. In addition, the supplementary aim of the course is to help students assess the nature and implications of India's relation with global institutions, different regions and nations as well asto developthe capacity reflect one merging issuesofinternational importance and India's response to them.

# **CourseObjectives:**

- 1. Tomakethemunderstandtheoriginanddevelopmentofstateanditsroleininternationalrelations.
- 2. TointroducestudentstotheevolutionandnatureoftheIndianstateand its politics
- 3. Toacquaintthemwiththe concept of power and the need of balance of power in international system.
- 4. To provide them the knowledge of national interest and its importance in the formulation of foreign policy.

# **CourseOutcomes:**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to—

CO1. UnderstandtheevolutionofIndianpolityandits impact onthepolicyformulationprocess CO2.

Develop a comprehensive idea about determinants of foreign policy formulation.

CO3. Comprehend the dynamics of Neighbourhood policy of India.

CO4. Analyse the geo-strategic position of the Indian subcontinent inworld politics.

# **Course Content:**

MODULE I. Evolution of India's foreign policy: Sources, Principles and Objectives;	10lecture hours
Determinants of Indian foreign policy	
• EXTERNAL	
• INTERNAL)	
MODULE II: Origins of Non-Alignment	7lecture hours
<ul> <li>AsianRelationsConferenceof1948;</li> </ul>	
Bandung Conference	
• NAM	
MODULE III: India during the Cold war	10lecture hours
Primary foreign policy challenges	
<ul> <li>Great Power politics and the Third World</li> </ul>	
MODULE IV: India after the Cold War	13lecture hours
E' . N C . 1001 . 2010 M	
• First Phase-from1991 to2010-Major issues	
• Second Phase - From 2011 to current – <b>growth of soft power diplomacy</b>	

MODULE V: Emerging global Issues and Indian foreign policy challenges	8lecture hours
<ul><li>Oil dynamics</li><li>Connectivity and infrastructure.</li></ul>	
Climate Change,	
Terrorism	
	12lecture hours
MODULE VI: India and International Orgs.	
<ul> <li>United Nations Organisation,</li> </ul>	
• EU,ASEAN,SAARC,	
BIMSTEC, MGC, BBIN, etc.	

# **Suggested Readings:**

- Anant, A. (2011). *IndiaandInternationalTerrorism*, in Scott D.(ed.), HandbookofIndia's International Relations, London: Routledge, pp. 266-277.
- Anderson, W.(2011). *Domestic Rootsof Indian Foreign Policy*, in W. Anderson, Trystswith Democracy: Political Practice in South Asia, Anthem Press: University Publishing Online.
- Bandhopadhyaya, J. (1970). *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*, New Delhi: Allied Publishers.
- Cohen,S.(2002). *The World View of India's Strategic Elite*, in S. Cohen, India: Emerging Power, Brookings Institution Press, pp. 36-65.
- Dubash, N. (2012). *The Politics of Climate Change in India: Narratives of Enquiry and Cobenefits*, Working Paper, New Delhi: Centre for Policy Research.
- Ganguly, S. & Pardesi, M. (2009). *Explaining Sixty Years of India's Foreign Policy*, in India Review, 8 (1), pp. 4–19.
- Hathaway, R. (2003). *The US-India Courtship: From Clinton to Bush*, in S. Ganguly (ed.), India as an Emerging Power, Frank Cass: Portland.
- W.Anderson,(2011) 'DomesticRootsofIndianForeignPolicy', inW.Anderson,Trystswith Democracy: Political Practice in South Asia, Anthem Press: University Publishing Online.
- C.RajaMohan, Crossingthe Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Penguin Books, 2005. J. N. Dixit, Indian Foreign Policy and its Neighbours, New Delhi: Gyan Publishing, 2001.
- AnjaliGhosh, TridibChakrobroti, Anindyo JyotiMajumdarand Shibashis Chatterjee, eds., India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Pearson, 2009.
- JawaharlalNehru,India'sForeignPolicy:SelectedSpeeches,September1946-April1961,New Delhi: Publications Division, Ministry of Information and Broadcasting, Govt. of India, 1961.
- NancyJetlyandRajendraPrasad,India'sForeignPolicy:ChallengesandProspects,NewDelhi: Vikas Pub. House, 1999.
- Muni, S.D., India's foreign Policy, The Democracy Dimension, Foundation Books, 2011
- H. Pant, (2008) 'The U.S.-India Entente: From Estrangement to Engagement', in H. Pant, ContemporaryDebates inIndianForeignandSecurityPolicy:IndiaNegotiatesItsRise inthe International System, Palgrave Macmillan: London.
- Crux of Asia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington. S. Raghavan, (2013) 'Stability in Southern Asia: India's Perspective', inA. TellisandS. Mirski(eds.), CruxofAsia: China, India, and the Emerging Global Order, Carnegie Endowment for International Peace: Washington.
- S.Cohen, (2002) India: Emerging Power, Brookings Institution Press.
- V.Sood,(2009)'Indiaandregionalsecurityinterests',inAlyssa AyresandC.RajaMohan (eds), Power realignments in Asia: China, India, and the United States, New Delhi: Sage.

- D.Scott(ed.), Handbook of India's International Relations, London: Routeledge, 2011
- TridibChakrabortiandMohorChakraborty,ExpandingHorizonofIndia'sSoutheast Asia Policy: 'Look', 'Move' and 'Act' East, K.W. PUBLISHERS, New Delhi, India, 2018
- SuranjanDas, TridibChakrabortiandSubhadeepBhattachary, Indo-VietnamRelations in the Emerging Global Order, K.W. PUBLISHERS, New Delhi, India, 2019.

- TridibChakrabortiandMohorChakraborty,India'sStrategyintheSouthChinaSea,Routledge, London, 2020
- TridibChakraborti, "China's growing strategic influence in SouthAsia: The impactonnational securities and insecurities: Acomment", in Sagarika Dutt and Alok Bansal (eds.), South Asian Security: 21st Century Discourses, Routledge Contemporary South Asia Series, Routledge (Taylor and Francis Group), London and New York, 2012, pp.83-96
- TridibChakraborti, "ReverberatingIndia-ChinaRelationsinthe21st Century: TheStrategy-Space Synthesis in Southeast Asia", in Haraprasad Ray(Ed.), India-China Interface and the Road Ahead, The Asiatic Society, Kolkata, 2012,pp.170-199
- Tridib Chakraborti, "India-China inthe Post-Cold War Years: Dexterous Quest for Competitive EdgeinSoutheast Asia", in Y. Yagama Reddy (Ed.), *India-China Relations: Changing Profile in the 21st Century*, Gyan Publishing House, New Delhi, 2012, pp.231-245

# • Online Resources:

- Government of India's Ministry of External Relations website at http://www.mea.gov.in/and specially its library which provides online resources at <a href="http://mealib.nic.in/">http://mealib.nic.in/</a>
- TheCouncilofForeignRelations hasaregularlyupdatedblogonIndia's foreignpolicy: http://www.cfr.org/region/india/ri282
- Centre for Policy Research's blog on IR and strategic affairs though it is not exclusively on India's foreign policy. http://www.cprindia.org/blog/international-relations-and-security-blog
- InstituteforDefenceStudiesandAnalyses:http://www.idsa.in/ResearchandInformation System: www.ris.org.in/
- IndianCouncilofWorld Affairs:www.icwa.in/
- IndianCouncilforResearchonInternationalEconomicRelations:www.icrier.org/

# Modes of Examination: 1-minute video/ Assignment/Quiz/ Project/Group Discussion/ Presentation/Written Exam Examination Scheme:

Components	ContinuousAssessment	End Term		
Weightage(%)	50	50		

# Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes (POs)

Mapping between COs and POS						
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	MappedProgram Outcomes				
CO1	UnderstandtheevolutionofIndianpolityandits Impactonthepolicyformulationprocess	PO1,PO2,PO4				
CO2	Developacomprehensiveideaaboutdeterminantsof foreign policy formulation.	PO1,PO2,PO4				
CO3	ComprehendthedynamicsofNeighbourhoodpolicyof India.	PO1,PO3.PO4				
CO4	Analysethegeo-strategicpositionoftheIndiansubcontinent in world politics.	PO1,PO3,PO4, PO5				

		CriticalThinking	Team spiritanddiversity	Integrative knowledge	Policyand Society	LeadershipSkillsandopinionmakers
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO5
POS21067	IndianForeign Policy	3	1	2	3	1

1=weakly mapped 2=moderately mapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21063	FRENCH LANGUAGE	L	T	P	С
		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure		•			
Co-requisites					

# **Course description:**

The course provides an understanding of one of an important international language. This course providesapeek into the culture, Languagespeakingworld. Studentswill develop askillandability to communicate in real life situations by acquiring reading, writing, listening and speaking skills.

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Toprovide the ability to speak in French and to comprehend any French writing of Allevel.
- 2. Tomakestudentsenableto gettheFrench accentsand applythe samewhile speaking.
- **3.** To develop understanding of basic concepts of French grammar and write small paragraph and conversation.

# **Course Outcome:**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Develop basics understanding of the language

CO2:Illustratelanguageskillsforbasiccommunication

CO3:Identifyavenuesandinterestintheforeign language.

# **Course Content:**

# UNIT:1-FRENCHCOMMUNICATION(LEVELA1 FUNDAMENTAL)

- Lesalphabets, Laprononciation, Lesaccents
- Seprésenter, Présenter que lqu'un, Saluer, S'adresser poliment
- Les nombres (cardinaux, ordinaux), Compter, Communiquer en classe, demander et donner les informations, La date, demander/dire l'heure
- Exprimer lesgoûtsetlesdégoûts, exprimer lataille, lepoids
- Lasalledeclasse

# **UNIT:2-FRENCH GRAMMAR(LEVELA1FUNDAMENTAL)**

- Lesarticles définiset in définis
- Lesadjectifsdenationalités
- Lesverbesêtre, avoir, aller, s'appeler, faire, venir, tenir, -cer&-ger
- Lesprépositions devant les noms devilles et Pays,
- Lesadjectifspourdécrireunepersonne, soncaractère, son physique
- Lanégation, LaTraduction (Français—Anglais—Français)

- Verbe: ER,IR
- Lespronoms sujets

# **UNIT:3 - FRENCH CIVILIZATION**

- Laculturesetcivilisationfrançais: Vin, Parfums, Lespersonnescélèbres français,
- Aproposdela France.
- L'OIF, SNCF,
- Lesfromages, Lesfêtes, Lesvilles, La Francophone.

# UNIT:4-WRITING/COMPREHENSION/DIALOGUE(BASIC)

- Dialoguesur« Fairelaconnaissancedequelqu'un»
- Conversationentrelesamisexprimantleursgoûtsetlesdégoûts

# SuggestedReadings:

- 1. Édito1, Marion Alcaraz, Céline Braud, Aurélien Calvez
- 2. Apprenonsle français1,2-Mahitha Ranjit&MonicaSingh
- 3. APropos-1, Christine Andant, Catherine Metton, Annabelle Nachon, Fabienne Nugue
- 4. ModernFrenchCourse,DondoMathurin,MathurinMariusDondo
- 5. LeNouveauSansFrontières-1,PhilippeDominique,JackyGirardet
- 6. EncoreTricolore(Volume1)SylviaHonnor,HeatherMascie-Taylor

# ModesofEvaluation:Quiz/Assignment/presentation/WrittenExamination

# **Examination Scheme:**

Components	Continuous Class Assessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

	CourseOutcomes(COs)	MappedProgram Outcomes
CO1	Developbasicsunderstandingofthelanguage	
CO2	Illustratelanguageskillsforbasiccommunication	
CO3	Identifyavenuesandinterestintheforeign language.	

		Knowledgeofsubject	Applicationoflanguage	Application of anguage and translation	Softskillsand effectivecommunication	Life-longlearning
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
POS21063	FRENCH LANGUAGE	3	3	2	3	2

1=weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

# SOFT SKILLS (ENG21111)

[TotalCredits:04; TotalContactHours:50]

# **CourseObjectives:**

- 1. The course will help students to have a deeper understanding of living and working in multicultural societies.
- 2. The students will better adapt themselves to the demands of twenty first century world.
- 3. The students will learn how to share, collaborate, and participate for /in the creation of a knowledge economy.

# **Syllabus:**

# **Unit1EffectiveCommunication**

Components of Effective Communication-Conviction, confidence & enthusiasm, Interactionist theoriesandmodelsofcommunication, ActiveListening, BarrierstoCommunication-Internal & External Barriers-Intrinsic Motivation, Perception, Language, Fear Power of speech etc. Non-Verbal Communication – its importance and Nuances-Facial Expression, Posture, Gesture, Eye contact, Appearance, Proxemics, Kinesics, Body language and Paralanguage

# Unit2PersonalityDevelopmentandEmotional Competence

The concept of personality - Dimensions of personality - Theories of Freud & Erickson-Significance of personalitydevelopment. Attitudeandmotivation:Concept -Significance-Factorsaffectingattitudes -Positive attitude - Advantages -Negative attitude- Disadvantages - Ways to develop positive attitude - Differences betweenpersonalities havingpositiveandnegativeattitude. Concept of motivation - Significance- Internaland externalmotives -Importanceofself- motivation-Factorsleadingtode-motivation-SWOTanalysis. Emotional Capital, Self-Esteem: Term, Symptoms - Advantages - Do's and Don'ts to develop positive self-esteem - Low self-esteem- Symptoms - Personality having low self-esteem - Positiveand negativeself-esteem, Interpersonal Relationships - Defining the difference between aggressive, submissive, and assertive behaviors - Lateral thinking, Conflict and Stress management.

# Unit3Leadershipandteambuildingskills.

Workingingroup-Decisionmakingskills -Leadership and qualities of a successful leader - Character building-Team-work - Time management - Work ethics - Good manners and etiquette.

# **Unit4MulticulturalCompetence**

UnderstandingtheOther,RespectingtheOther,AvoidingParochialExpressions, AcceptingOther Worldviews, Appreciating Diversity, Non-discriminatory Communication, Interaction and Sensibility.

# **TextandReferenceBooks:**

- 1. Adair, John. Effective Communication. London: Pan Macmillan Ltd., 2003.
- 2. Bonet, Diana. The Business of Listening: Third Edition. New Delhi: Viva Books, 2004.
- 3. Neuliep, James W. Intercultural Communication: A Contextual Approach. Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co., 2003.
- 4. Pease, Allan. Body Language. Delhi: Sudha Publications, 1998.
- 5. Turton, N. D.&J. B.Heaton. LongmanDictionaryofCommonErrors.Essex: Longman, 1987.First Indian Edn. 1998.
- 6. Seely, John. Writing Reports. New York: Oxford University Press, 2002.
- 7. Rogers, Natalie. Howto Speak Without Fear. London: Ward Lock, 1982.
- 8. Collins, Patrick. Speakwith Power and Confidence. New York: Sterling, 2009.
- 9. Anju, A. (2009), AHolistic Approachto Soft Skills Training, IUP Journal of Soft Skills
- 10. DennisNickson, ChrisWarhurst, EliDutton, (2005) Theimportance of attitude and appearance in the service encounter in retail and hospitality
- 11. ChristineLundberg,Lena Mossberg(2008),Learningbysharing:waiters'andbartenders' experiences of service encounters.

# SEMESTER-II

POS21065	Political Economy of Development	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure					
Co-requisites					

# **Course Objectives:**

# Thepaper aims-

- Togivea preciseunderstandingofthesubject byusingclassicalandcontemporarytheories and approaches.
- Tohighlighttheinteractionsofpoliticsandeconomyby incorporatingtherecentchangesin the edifice.
- Tostudypoliticalsciencefromaninterdisciplinaryperspective.
- Toenablethestudentstounderstandthemarket mechanism, especiallythecompetitionin labour market, exchange value of commodity.

#### **CourseOutcomes**

Oncompletionofthiscourse, the students will be ableto--

- CO1. Develop a greaterappreciation and understanding of the world's polities, economies, cultures and regions.
- CO2.Understandthesemanticandmodernperspectivetothepoliticaleconomyandthereby understandingrationale to study the subject in this changing world of pedagogy.
- CO3.Identifythe interactionbetweenEconomicstructureandPoliticalsystem CO4.

Illustrate the significance of the Political Economy in social science research.

Course Description: To discover the various uses of things is the work of history. So is the establishment of socially recognised standards of measure for the quantities of these useful products...political economy, on the other hand, investigates the real relations of production ina society. I (Marx: *Capital*) However, since the dethronement of the labour theory of value bythe marginalist revolution of neoclassical economics, the determination of value has been lost in relativist discussions of price, profit and utility. In this paper, the students are introduced to the classical schoolofpolitical economywho could go beyond the apparent pricesto gettothenotion of congealed labour that determines the exchange value of a commodity. In that spirit, the theory of marketmechanism, growthandpolicies are taken uphere. Marx, on a complete different

route, has tried to explain human creative activity through the social forms it takes in a specific stage of history of mankind. His contribution lies in bringing out the real tendencies of social revolution to indicate the path for human development beyond capitalism.

#### **CourseContent:**

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- **I. Introduction to political economy:** Renaissance, rise of Western modernity, Enlightenment, humanism, individualism, liberalism, science and rationality, colonialism, imperialism, mercantilism, physiocracy.
- **II. Classical Political Economy:** The labour theory of value- Adam Smith, invisible hand, theory of growth, role of state, value theory; Ricardo income distribution, theory of rent; classical dichotomy, the quantity theory of money, market mechanism, competition, investment led growth, logic of capital accumulation, economic growth, free trade as an engine of growth, theory of absolute advantage and comparative advantage, J.S. Mill, Neoclassical economics the marginalist revolution, subjectivist theory of value.
- III. Marxian Theory-A Critique of Political Economy: Idealismvs.materialism, dialectics as a method, capitalism as a social structure, commodity and money, labourpower, labour process, forces of production, relations of production, mode of production, surplus value and capital, class as property or power, exploitation as a Marxian category, historical materialism and the Marxian theory of development, value theory.
- IV. Class and Development: Classfocusedeconomy: classasaprocess, overdetermination, social formation, capitalismasare presentation, classjustice and post-capitaliste conomy, Classandneed: surplus, classand development distribution, development justice, public policy, inclusion, poverty, Capitalist Hegemony: nodal point foregrounding and foreclosure.
- V. Critique of Political Economy of Development: Critique of Political Economy of Development; re-examining dual economic model (Lewis, informal-formal, etc.); interrogating alternative theories of transition and development; rethinking transition: reconstruction beyond the capitalist hegemonic; post-capitalist politics; Capitalism and globalization: neo liberalism and global capitalism; formation of economic order in post-globalization period, capitalist development and Primitive Accumulation of third world/world of the third

# **Suggested Readings:**

Worldview Press.

Basu, P.K. (2008). Globalization: An Anti-text. Aakar Books.

Chakrabarti, A&Dhar, A. (2009). Dislocation and Resettlement in Development: From Third World to World of the Third. Routledge.

Chakrabarti, A,S,A,Dhar&Cullenberg,S.(2012). Worldofthe Third and Global Capitalism.

Cohen, G.A. 1(978). KarlMarx's TheoryofHistory: A Defence. Princeton University Press.

Engels, F. (1976). Ludwig Feuerbach and the end of Classical German Philosophy. Peking: Foreign Languages Press.

Escobar, A.(1995). Encountering development: the making and unmaking of the third world. Princeton University Press.

Gibson, G.J.K. (2006). The Postcapitalist politics. University of Minnesota Press.

Lukács, G. (1971). — Whatis orthodox Marxism? II. History and Class Consciousness: Studies in Marxist Dialectics. Cambridge, Massachusetts: The MIT Press.

Marx, K. (1976). Grundrisse: Foundations of the Critique of Political Economy. Penguin Classic. Marx,

K. Capital: A Critique of Political Economy. Volumes 1, 2 and 3. Progress Publishers or Penguin Classic.

Resnick, S. A. & Wolff, R.D. 1987. *Knowledge and Class: A Marxist Critique of Political Economy*. University of Chicago Press.

Resnick, S.&R. Wolff. (2012). Contending Economic Theories. MITPress.

Sanyal, K. (2007). Rethinking Capitalist Development: Primitive Accumulation, Governmentality and Post-Colonial Capitalism. Routledge.

Schumpeter (1954): History of Economic Analysis, Harvard University Press

Screpanti&Zamagni(2005):AnOutlineoftheHistoryofEconomicThought,OUP Sen,

A, K. (2009). The Idea of Justice, Penguin.

# ModesofExamination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/Presentation/WrittenExam

# **ExaminationScheme:**

Components	Continuous Class Assessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

# RelationshipbetweentheCourseOutcomes(COs)andProgramOutcomes (POs)

<b>MappingbetweenCOsandPOs</b>				
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes		
CO1	Developagreaterappreciationandunderstandingofthe world's polities, economies, cultures and regions.	PO1,PO3,PO6		
CO2	Understand the semantic and modern perspective to the political economy and thereby understanding rationale to study thesubjectinthischangingworldof pedagogy.	PO2,PO3		
CO3	Identify theinteractionbetweenEconomicstructureand Political system	PO3,PO2		
CO4	IllustratethesignificanceofthePoliticalEconomyinsocial science research	PO1,PO6		

POS21066	Foreign Policy of Major Powers	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	BasicUnderstanding ofForeignPolicyofMajorPowers				
Co-requisites					

# **Course Objective**

The objective of the course is to introduce to the students an understanding of the basic concepts and trends of international relations and to help them understand the emerging global order based on the multiple interactionsoftheglobalpowers. This course is to offer the students abroad perspective on the various conflicts that evolved between the great powers and their global impacts and to expose them to the formal informal concepts and processes of the waymajor powers USA, China, European Union, Russia, and regional powers Japan, Australia, Singapore, and Vietnam exercise their influence throughout the world. The course will also provide the learners with the opportunity to prepare themselves for appearing in various competitive examinations and for a further career in higher studies and research.

# **Course Description:**

The course is specifically designed for postgraduate students who are interested in contemporary diplomacy and statecraft and who are keen to understand how the world's major powers sought topursue their national interests in a highly complex post-war international system. This course focuses mainly on the foreign policies of the major powers like the USA, Russia, and China, the European Union, Japan, Australia, Singapore, and Vietnam, viz., their relationships with other countries of the world, from 1945 to the present time. The course explores foreign policy concepts and the way the big nations exercise their relations with other nations in the world. It analyses the internal and external factors that affect the development of these countries foreign policies. In doing so, it focuses on the problems, threats, and challenges that these powers confronted during the Cold War and post-Cold War years. It also assesses how these powers perceived these problems, threats, and challenges, how they reacted to them, and what policies they putin place to offset them. The course includes an analysis of the various diplomatic and military tools applied in the international relations of the major state actors and will highlight their differing foreign policy perspectives and roles in international and regional systems. It also discusses a variety of foreign policy actions, both coercive and cooperative, that major powers are more likely to engage in than their minor-power counterparts and will attempt to cover a wide range of issues from the beginning of the 20th centuryto the present global scenario.

#### **Course Outcomes**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1.** Anappreciation of keyaspects of the foreign policies of the major powers
- CO2. Explainthefundamental determinants of foreign policies and promote awareness of the historical,

political, strategic, and economic factors that have shaped the foreign policies of these powers.

CO3. Justify the various actions undertaken by different powers in their foreign policies against the background of national interest and discuss the changing roles of these powers in the international system.

CO4. To develop students' knowledge skills in areas of research as well as their capacity for critical analysis.

#### **Course Content**

Unit I: [13 lecture hours]

Foreign Policy of the United States from Cold War to post-Cold War years: Background of American Foreign Policy evolution; United States President Woodrow Wilson's 14 Points; Foreign Policy of some President in the Cold War Years-John F. Kennedy, Dwight D. Eisenhower, Richard M. Nixon, Jimmy Carter, Ronald Reagan; United States foreign policyin the post- Cold War Years--George W. Bush, Barack Obama, etc.

Unit II: [11 lecture hours]

Foreign Policy of People's Republic China from Mao to Xi:Fundamental Principles of Chinese Foreign Policy; Chinese Foreign Policy under different Phases of Cold War-- Lean to One Side: 1949-1959-- Revolutionary Self-Reliance:1960-1969-- Triangular Diplomacy: 1970-1989; Chinese Foreign Policy under different Phases of post-Cold War years-- Foreign Policy under Deng Xiao Ping, Hu Jintao, Xi Jinping; New dynamics of China's foreign policy after the 19th Congress of the CPC; China's assertive policy with special reference to One-Belt-One-Road (OBOR) scheme, South Asia, Tibet and South China Sea.

Unit III: [8 lecture hours]

**Foreign Policy of the EU:** Origin, structure evolution of the European Union; Component of the European Union's foreign policy: aims, instruments and achievements; The Lisbon Treaty and the Maastricht Treaty; The Role of the EU in the post-Cold War Years; Impact of Global economic crisis on European Union and China Relations

Unit IV: [8 lecture hours]

**Japan in the Evolving World Order:** Basic features and objectives of Japan's foreign policy; Evolution of Japan's foreign policy; Strategies of Japan's foreign policy in the 21st century

Unit V: [10 lecture hours]

Russian Foreign Policy from cold-war to post-Cold War years: Basic trends of Soviet Union foreign policy in the Cold War period- communist ideology, counter-containment principles against the United States, Cuban missile crisis, Nikita S. Khrushchev' concept of peaceful coexistence and de-Stalinization, Détente and its erosion, Mikhail Gorbachev's concept of perestroika, glasnost, and new thinking of foreign policy; Russian Federation foreign policy objectives in the post-Cold War years; Four pillars to Putin's foreign policy; Military doctrine of the Russian Federation of 1993, 2010 and 2014; Various stages of Russo-Chinese relations since 1991; Russia- Ukraine War and India's response; Russia'

stand on Post-September 11 Developments; Concept of BRICS in Russian Foreign Policy; Russia's Vision of Alternative World Orders.

# **Suggested Readings:**

- Joseph, C.L. (2014). Dictionary of the Modern Politics of Southeast Asia, Taylor and Francis Ltd, Routledge, London, 2014
- Lo,B.(2005).(ed.), VladimirPutinandtheEvolutionofRussianForeignPolicy, (London:The Royal Institute of International Affairs.
- Leifer, M. (2000). Singapore's Foreign Policy: Coping with Vulnerability, Taylorand Francis Ltd, Routledge, London.
- Neil, W. & Christopher (2001). EUF or eign Policy beyond the Nation-State: Joint Actions and Institutional Analysis of the Common Foreign and Security Policy, London: Palgrave.
- AlanP. DobsonandSteveMarsh(eds.), USForeign Policysince1945(LondonandNewYork: Routledge, 2001)
- Thayer, C.A. & Ramses, A. (2000). (eds.), *VietnameseForeignPolicyinTransition*, Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, Singapore.
- Stewart, F. (2005). Australia in International Politics, Crows Nest NSW: Allen & Unwin.
- Yoichiro, S. & Keiko, H. (2008). (eds.), Norms, Interests, and Powerin Japanese Foreign Policy, (New York: Palgrave Macmillan.
- USForeignPolicyinaChallengingWorld:BuildingOrderonShiftingFoundations,Clementi, Marco, Dian, Matteo, Pisciotta, Barbara (Eds.)
- AmericaintheWorld:AHistoryofU.S.DiplomacyandForeignPolicy,RobertB.Zoellick, HachetteBandBlackstonePublishing, August2020.
- Guide toUSForeignPolicy: ADiplomaticHistory,McMohon,Robert J.,andZeiler, Thamas W., Vol. I, Sage Publication, 2012
- RodHague, Martin Harropand Shaun Breslin, Political Science: A Comparative Introduction. New York: St. Martin's Press, 1992
- WangYi,2018. "China's Diplomacy in the New Era: Opening up New Horizons with a New Outlook". China International Studies, No. 68, pp.5–25.
- Jin, X., 2018. An Examination of the Concepts and Principles of China's Major Country DiplomacywithItsOwnCharacteristics foraNewEra."ContemporaryInternationalRelations, pp.13–23.
- ZeGuang, 2018. "Major-CountryDiplomacywithChineseCharacteristics intheNewEra. China International Studies, No. 70 pp.5–14.
- Lee KuanYew,TheSingaporeStory:MemoirsofLee KuanYew,TimesAcademicPress, Singapore, 1998
- Morrison, Charles and Shurke, Astri, Strategies of Survival: The Foreign Policy Dilemmas of Small States. Queensland, Australia: University of Queensland Press, 1978
- CarlyleA.ThayerandRamsesAmer(Eds.),VietnameseForeignPolicyinTransition.Singapore, Institute of Southeast Asian Studies, 2002
- LeHongHiepandAntonTsvetov, Vietnam'sForeignPolicyunderDoiMoi, YusofIshak Institute, Singapore,2018
- Amer,Ramses,"VietnamandItsNeighbours:TheBorderDisputeDimension."Contemporary Southeast Asia, Vol.!7, No.3, 1995
- BrantlyWomack,Vietnamin1996:ReformImmobilism,AsianSurvey,Vol.37,No.1,Part-1, January 1997
- GarethEvansandBruceGrant,Australia'sForeignRelations:Inthe Worldofthe1990s, Melbourne University Press, Australia, 1991

- AllanGyngell,FearofAbandonment:Australia intheWorldSince1942,LaTrobeUniversity Press, 2017
- StewartFirth, Australia inInternationalPolitics: AnIntroduction to AustralianForeignPolicy, Routledge Third Edition, 2011
- AllanGyngellandMichaelWesley, MakingAustralianForeignPolicy, CambridgeUniversity Press, 2003
- AustralianForeignPolicy:ControversiesandDebates,DanielBaldino,AndrewCarrandAnthony J.Langlois(Eds.),OxfordUniversityPress, 2014
- For 2017 Foreign Policy White Paper of Australia, available at Australian Government, DepartmentofForeignAffairsandTrade,https://www.dfat.gov.au/publications/minisite/2017-foreign-policy-white-paper

# **Modes of Examination:**

# 1-minutevideo/Assignment/Quiz/Project/GroupDiscussion/Presentation/Written Exam

ExaminationScheme:

Components	ContinuousAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

# Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes (POs)

Mapping betweenCOsandPOS				
	CourseOutcomes(COs)			
CO1	Anappreciationofkeyaspectsoftheforeignpolicies ofthemajor powers	PO1,PO2		
CO2	Explain the fundamental determinants of foreign policies and promote awareness of the historical, political, strategic, and economic factors that have shaped the foreign policies of the sepowers.	PO2,PO3,PO4, PO5		
СО3	Justify the various actions undertaken by different powersintheir foreignpolicies against the background ofnationalinterest, and discuss the changing roles of these powers in the international system.	PO1,PO2.PO5		
CO4	Todevelopstudents'knowledgeskillsinareasofresearch as well as their capacity for critical analysis.	PO1,PO3		

		Critical Thinking	Team spirit and diversity	Integrative knowledge	Policy and Society	Leadership Skills and opinion makers
Course Code	Course Title	PO 1	PO 2	PO 3	PO 4	PO 5
POS210 66	Foreign Policy of Major Powers		3	1	2	3 1

<sup>1=</sup>weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped.

POS21061	Comparative Politics	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Basiclevelknowledgeinhumanities				
Co-requisites	FundamentalsofInternationalpolitics				

# **CourseObjectives:**

Thepaper aims-

- Togivea preciseunderstandingofthesubject byusingcomparative theoriesand approaches.
- Tohighlightthechangesindifferent politicalsystems byincorporatingtherecent changes in the edifice.
- Tostudypolitical systems from an interdisciplinary perspective.
- Toenablethestudentstoponderanddebate.

# **CourseOutcomes:**

On completion of this course, the students will be able to--

- CO1.UnderstandthefundamentalsofComparativePolitics
- CO2. Understand the semantic and modern perspective to the political system and thereby understanding rationale to study the subject in this changing world of pedagogy.
- CO3. Construct anunderstandingofthe major concepts and theoretical perspectives of different political systems and practices.
- CO4.IdentifythedifferencebetweenComparative GovernmentandComparativePolitics

Course Description: Comparative method is one of the oldest methods of scientific enquiry in social science. As a core branch of Political Science, Comparative Politics deals with the similarities and dissimilarities of political systems. The study of Comparative Politics primarily seeks to explore the very pertinent issues related to various political systems like political institutions and behavior. By enabling the comparison in various political systems, it highlights the pattern and irregularities of different politicalsystems. It gives ageneralunderstandingtothe issuesandchallengesthatthepolitical systems face across the world. This paper will help the students to understand and explore the natureand courses of different political systems, governmental institutions, and changes at global level.

#### CourseContent:

<ul> <li>UNIT1.IntroductiontoComparativePolitics</li> <li>Meaning, features, scope</li> <li>Approaches to Comparative Politics</li> <li>Rationale for studying Comparative Politics</li> </ul>	15 Lecture Hours
UNIT 2.PoliticalSystemsandConstitutionalism	15 LectureHours
Unit3. ComparativeStudyofDemocraticPoliticalSystems	15 LectureHours
Unit 4. ComparativeStudyofAuthoritarianPoliticalSystems  • Russia  • People'sRepublicofChina	15 LectureHours

# SuggestedReadings:

Almond, G.A., Bingham, G.D., Russell, J., S., K. (2011). Comparative Politics Today-Worldview, Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd.

Bhagwan, V., Bhushan, V., Mohla, V. (2013). World Constitutions- A Comparative Study,

Sterling Publishers.

Calvocoressi, P. (2010). World politics 1945-2000, PearsonEducation, Ltd. &Dorling Kindersley Private Limited.

Gauba, O.P. (2012). An Introduction to Political Theory, Macmillan India Johani,

J.C., (2015). Comparative Politics, Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

# Modes of Examination: Assignment/Quiz/Film review (documentaries)/ Project/Group Discussion/ Presentation/Extempo/Written Exam ExaminationScheme:

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

# Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes (POs)

	MappingbetweenCOsandPOs			
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes		
CO1	UnderstandthefundamentalsofComparativePolitics	PO2,PO6		

CO2	Understand the semantic and modern perspective to the political systemandtherebyunderstandingrationaletostudythe subject in this changing world of pedagogy.	PO1,PO2
CO3	Construct an understanding of the major concepts and theoretical perspectives of different political systems and practices.	PO5,PO3
CO4	Identifythe difference between Comparative Government and Comparative Politics	PO3,PO1

		Critical	Team spirit	Integrative	Policyand	Leadershi	Research
		Thinking:	and	knowledge:	Society:a	pSkills	aptitude:
		Demonstrat	diversity:	demonstratn	better	and	honing
		ecritical	Managing	gthe	understand	opinion	skills
		thinkingand	diversity	integrative	ingof	makers:as	requiredfor
		research	issues	knowledge,	polityand	aneffective	high degree
		skills as	withinand	skills,and	itsuseand	memberof	research.
		appliedto	organization	ethics	implication	asocietyto	
		publicand	al	necessary	onsociety	bring	
		private	framework	for	at large	socio-	
		sectors	keepingthe	responsible		political	
			ethics and	and		change.	
			values	leadership			
			integrated.	positions			
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21061	Comparative Politics	3	3	1	2	1	2

<sup>1=</sup>weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21068	FRENCH LANGUAGE	L	T	P	С
		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure					
Co-requisites					

# **Course description:**

Thecourseistheamalgamationoffourskillsoflearninga foreignlanguage:understanding,writing, reading, speaking. This course provides a briefknowledge about Frenchculture,their dailylifestyle along with grammar, reading comprehension etc. Students will develop a skill and ability to communicate in real life situations by acquiring reading, writing, listening, and speaking skills.

# **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To provide the ability to speak in French and to comprehend any French writing of A1 advance level.
- 2. Tomakestudentsenabletospeak French fluentlywithproperaccents.
- **3.** To develop understanding of basic concepts of French grammar and write small paragraph and conversation.

#### Course Outcome:

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1:Developbasicsunderstandingofthelanguage.

CO2:Illustratelanguageskillsforbasicgrammarandcommunication. CO3:

Acquaint with French culture and civilisation.

# **Course content:**

# **UNIT: 1--FRENCH COMMUNICATION**

- Demander/indiquer lechemin
- Décrirelaviequotidienne
- Décriresafamille
- Décriresamaison
- Parlerdeslieux

# **UNIT:2—FRENCH GRAMMAR**

Verbes «RE », Les verbes pronominaux (affirmative, négative), Les verbes irréguliers (tenir, prendre, mettre, lire, -uyer, -oyer , vouloir, pouvoir , voir etc ), Les prépositions, L'adjectif démonstratifs, L'adjectif possessif, L'article contracté, L'article partitif, Les professions, Les adverbes interrogatifs, futur proche, passé récent

# UNIT3:

- Leschaînesdelatélévision, Les journaux
- LaFranceetlesrégionsdel'Outre-mer
- Lesrepasfrançais, Lacuisine, Lagastronomie, Lesrecettes

### UNIT4:

- Dialogueendécrivantlaviequotidienne
- Écrirelecourriel
- Envoyerl'invitation

### **SuggestedReading:**

- 1. Édito1, Marion Alcaraz, Céline Braud, Aurélien Calvez
- 2. Apprenons lefrançais3,4, MahithaRanjit
- 3. AlterEgo-A1+, Catherine Hugot, Annie Berthet, Emmanuelle Daill
- 4. ModernFrenchCourse,DondoMathurin,MathurinMariusDondo
- 5. LeNouveauSansFrontières-1PhilippeDominique,JackyGirardet
- $\textbf{6.} \quad EncoreTricolore(Volume 2), Sylvia Honnor, Heather Mascie-Taylor$

### ModesofEvaluation:Quiz/Assignment/presentation/Written Examination

Components	ContinuousAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

	CourseOutcomes(COs)	MappedProgram Outcomes
CO1	Developbasicsunderstandingofthelanguage	
CO2	Illustratelanguageskillsforbasiccommunication	
CO3	UnderstandtheFrenchcultureandcivilisation.	

		Knowledge of Subject	Application of language	Application of language and translation	Soft skills and effective communication	Life-long learning
Course Code	Course name	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
POS21068	French Language	3	3	2	3	2

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3=stron
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POS21069	Research Methodology	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Basicknowledgeofcivics				
Co-requisites					

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Tohelptounderstandthetechniques involvedinconductingSocialScience Research
- 2. Toenablestudentstounderstandtheresearchprocessandthesteps involved.
- 3. Toimpartdetailedknowledgeoffieldresearch,datacollectionandsampleselection.
- 4. Todemonstratequalitativeresearchtechniquesanddataanalysistools
- 5. Toinstilltheartofacademicwriting and Publishing researcharticle

### **Course Outcomes**

On completion of this course, the students will be able to--

- CO1.Understandtheresearchphilosophyandcrucialtheories.
- CO2. Comprehendtheresearch process and the steps involved in it.
- CO3. Conduct independent qualitative and quantitative research and the art of data collection and sampling design.
  - CO4. Writeandpublishacademicresearchpapersandproposalsforresearchgrants, etc.

### **Course Description:**

The Research methodology course prepares the student for research. The courses emphasis on every aspect of research techniques that is required for a student of Social Science for his higher studies and for research publication. The course focuses on the theory of research, techniques involved in conducting research, the methods and methodologythat is essential for both qualitative and quantitative research. The course also provides detailed discussion on how to do research publication and to learn the art of academic writing.

### **Course Content:**

UNIT I: ResearchinSocialSciences

Philosophy of Science, Epistemology, Paradigm Shifts, Theories of Knowledge, Scientific Method, Positivism, Anti-positivism, Humanist and Anti-Humanist Traditions, Feminist Methodology, Mixed Methodology, Decolonizing Methodologies

UNITII: ResearchProcessDefiningNeedforResearch,DefiningResearchProblem,Setting

Research Objectives, Determining Research Design: -Exploratory Research, Descriptive Research, Causal Research, Research Methods; Information Types and Data Sources, Sample Plan, Sampling and Data Collection Data Analysis and Research Report

UNIT III:Quantitative and Qualitative Research: Quantitative Approach, Quantitative Tools-Quantitative Data Analysis-SPSS, Qualitative Approach, Participant and Non-Participant Observation, Ethnography, Grounded Theory, Case Studies, Qualitative Data Analysis

UNIT IV: Academic Writing and Publishing: Research Proposal- Review of Literature, Research Questions and Objectives, Reference Systems, Peer review, Abstract for Conferences /Book Chapters, Research Grant Proposals, Plagiarism, Research Ethics

### **Suggested Readings:**

Kapalan, D. (2004). The Sage handbook of quantitative methodology for the social sciences, London: Sage.

Kothari, C.R. (2004). Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Delhi: New Age.

Ringer, F. (1997). MaxWeber's methodology: The unification of the cultural and social sciences, Cambridge, Mass: Harvard University Press.

Smith, L.T. (2012). Decolonizing Methodologies: Research and Indigenous Peoples, Zed Books.

## $Modes of Examination: 1-minute video/Assignment/Quiz/Project/Group Discussion/\ Presentation/Written \\ Exam$

### **Examination Scheme:**

Components	ContinuousClass Assessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

### RelationshipbetweentheCourseOutcomes(COs)andProgramOutcomes(POs)

	Mapping betweenCOsandPos	
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes
CO1	Understandtheresearchphilosophyand crucial theories.	PO1,PO6
CO2	Comprehend the research process and the stepsinvolved in it.	PO6,PO3,PO5
CO3	Conduct independent qualitative and quantitative research and the art of data collection and sampling design.	PO1,PO6, PO4

		CriticalThinking	TeamSpiritandDiversity	IntegrativeKnowledge	Policyand Society	Leadershipskillsandopinionmakers	Researchaptitude
Course Code	Course Title	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21069	Research Methods: Qualitative Analysis	3	1	2	3	2	3

1=weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

# SEMESTER-III

POS21072	International law and Institutions	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	GraduationinPoliticalScience				
Co-requisites					

### **Course Objectives:**

The objectives of this course are to give the target students/audience an understanding of:

- 1. The Course provide high-quality training on a broad range of core subjects of international law, as well as specific subjects of particular interest in a given region.
- 2. In addition, the interactive nature of the training allows the participants to share experiences and exchange ideas, which promotes greater understanding and cooperation on legal matters in theregion.
- 3. The Courses intends to enable students of international law fromdeveloping countries and countries with emerging economies, to deepen their knowledge of international law and of the legal work of the United Nations and its associated bodies.

### **Course Outcomes**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to-

**CO1-**Studentwilllearnabout natureofpublic internationallawandthedevelopment and characteristics of the international legal order.

**CO2**-Student willunderstand surveytheIR literatureandwilldo so frommultipletheoreticaland disciplinary perspectives.

**CO3**-Studentwillbeabletoanalyze,solveorpleadashort casebyreferencetorelevant rulesofpublic international law.

**CO4-**Student willbeableto analyzeinternationaldocuments,resolutionsandtreatiesandyouwillbe able to assess to what extent these documents contain binding rules of public international law.

### **CourseDescription:**

International law is both a substantive body of rules and an array of processes by which law is created, interpreted, and enforced. This course is designed to introduce you to both the substance and process aspects of international law. To that end, the course places particular emphasis on the decision-making mechanisms by which international law is developed and carried out, the institutions that serve as deciders, and the legal regimes that take shape as a result. The course will also consider bothtraditional international law doctrines and contemporary pressures on them. We will begin with the sources of international law and participants in the international system. We will next consider how the system addresses problems related to global interdependence and integration (e.g., environment, economic integration and trade, human rights, crime, climate change, oceans, etc.), and will finally turn to challenges to the international legal order, such as the use of force and conduct of war. Throughout, we will engage in criticalreflection onthe legitimacy, efficacy, andjustice of the international systemas it is currently configured.

### **CourseContent:**

### UnitI:

Internationallaw: Definition, nature, and sources.

#### UnitII:

Stateterritory:Legal issues

### **UnitIII:**

ExtraditionandAsylumunderinternational law.

### **UnitIV:**

International criminal courtand other International Organizations.

### **UnitV:**

Warandnon-wararmedconflicts

### SuggestedReadings:

- Anthony, C.(2007). Philosophyof International law, Edinburgh University Press.
- Dias, R.W.M. (1994). Juris prudence, Indian Reprint-Adithya Books, Delhi
- Dhyani, S.N. (1985). Juris prudence-A Study of Indian Legal Theory.
- Fitzgerald, S. (1999). On Jurisprudence, Tripathi, Bombay.
- kapoor, S.K. (2011). International Lawand Human Rights, Central Law Agency, Allahabad.
- Nigro, F. A., &Nigro, C. (1989). ModernPublic Administration (7thed.). New York: Lloyd Harper and Row.
- Shearer, I.A.S., (2007). International Law, International, Student Edition, oxford, Delhi.

### Modes of Examination: Assignment/Quiz/Film review (documentaries)/ Project/GroupDiscussion/ Presentation/Extempore/Written Exam Examination Scheme:

Components	ContinuousClass Assessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

	CourseOutcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes
CO1	Thestudentwilllearnaboutnatureofpublicinternational lawandthedevelopmentandcharacteristicsofthe international legal order.	PO-2,PO-3, PO-4
CO2	The student will learn about rules of public international law in relationto the use offorce in international relations and the responsibilities of the United Nations and other organizations with respect to the maintenance of international peace and security.	PO-1,PO-2, PO-3,PO-5
CO3	Student willbeable to analyze, solve or plead ashort case by reference to relevant rules of public international law	PO-3,PO-4, PO-5
CO4	Student will be able to analyze international documents, resolutions and treaties and you will be able to assess to what extent these documents contain binding rules of publicinternationallaw.	PO-4,PO-5, PO-6

### $Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes \ (POs)$

		CriticalThinking	TeamspiritandDiversity	IntegrativeKnowledge	PolicyandSociety	Leadershipskillsandopinionmakers		Researchaptitude
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5		PO6
POS21072	International law and Institutions	1	2	3	3	3	1	1

1=weakly mapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

P0S21073	Political Sociology	L	T	P	C
Version 1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Basicknowledgeofcivics				
Co-requisites					

### CourseObjectives:

- 1. Tounderstandthecentralquestionandresearchtopicinthefieldofpoliticalsociology.
- 2. Toenablestudentsto understandthenatureofpoliticalpower, cultural dimension, and the dynamics of politics.
- 3. Tounderstandtheprocessesofpoliticalengagement,participation,andpolitical behavior.
- 4. Tostudythepoliticizationofclass,race,gender,etc.
- 5. Tohighlighttheconsequences of changings ocial values and attitudes.

### **Course Outcomes**

Oncompletionofthiscourse, the students will be able to--

- CO1. Have a basic understanding of sociological theories of the state.
- CO2.Understandingofrecentsocialandpoliticalscienceexplanationsofpoliticalprocesses and events.
- CO3. Relate this theoretical understanding to empirical data and analyses for various states.
- CO4. Applysociological principles to make sense of current world events and to contribute to social debates.

**Course Description:** The course provides an insight into the contemporary theories of power, social action, change, conflict etc. It enables students to understand deep understanding of thelayers of political life. The course also provides a new perspective to study society and politics together and to understand analyses the dynamics of social and political processes.

### **Course Content:**

Unit1.Introducing Political Sociology:

- a) Theories of Political Sociology:
- b) Seminal Ideas of Marxist,
- c) Weberian,

Unit2. Seminal Ideas of Durkheim and Talcott

#### Parson

### Unit 3. Politics and Social Movements:

- a) SocialMovements
- b) TypesofSocialmovements
- c) ResourceMobilizationTheory

### Unit4. Globalsocial movements

- a) Women.Genderandstatepolitics.
- b) newsmedia,
- c) cultureknowledge and politics

### SuggestedReadings:

Nash,Kate.2010.Changingdefinitionsofpoliticsandpower,inContemporaryPolitical Sociology, 2nd edition, UK: Wiley-Blackwell, pp. 1-42

Wolf, Eric. 1990. 'Facing Power-Old Insights, New Questions', American Anthropologist, New Series, Vol. 92, No. 3, pp. 586-596

Weber, Max. 1978. Economy and Society: An Outline of Interpretive Sociology, Berkeley: University of California Press, pp. 212-254; 262-266

Lukes, Steven. 2005. Power: A Radical View, 2ndedition, Hampshire: Palgrave, pp. 14-49

Foucault, Michel. 2002. 'The Subject and Power', in Power: Essential Worksof Foucault,

Vol. 3, ed. James D. Faubion, London: Penguin Books, pp. 326-348

Marshall, T.H.1950. Citizenshipand Social Class and Other Essays, Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, pp.10-27

Bailey, F.G. 1968. 'Para-political Systems', in M.J. Schwartz (ed). Local Level Politics: Social and Cultural Perspectives, London: University of London Press, pp. 281-

94Gupta, Akhil&K. Sivaramakrishnan (eds). 2011. The State in India after Liberalization:

Interdisciplinary Perspectives, London & New York: Routledge, Introduction, pp. 1-27

### Modes of Examination: 1-minute video/ Assignment/Quiz/ Project/Group Discussion/ Presentation/Written Exam ExaminationScheme:

Components	Continuous Class Assessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

RelationshipbetweentheCourseOutcomes(COs)andProgramOutc

Mapping betweenCOsandPos					
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes			
CO1	Understandthebasicphilosophybehindtheformationof theconstitution.	PO1,PO4			
CO2	Knowandunderstandtheir Fundamentalrightsandduties	PO5,PO4			
CO3	Developabetter understandingofgovernmentfunctioning ofthreeorgans ofthegovernment	PO1,PO4			
CO4	PO1,PO4				

		CriticalThinking	Team spiritanddiversity	Integrative knowledge	Policyand Society	LeadershipSkillsandopinionmakers
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
POS21073	Political Sociology	3	1	1	3	2

1=weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21074	PEACEANDCONFLICT RESOLUTION		T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Basiclevelknowledgeinhumanities				
Co-requisites	FundamentalsofInternationalpolitics				

### **Course Description:**

This course in Peace and Conflict Studies will cover in-depth knowledge of conflict analysis, conflict resolution, conflict prevention, as well as the historical and cultural context of organized violence. Peace and ConflictResolution addresses the sources of war, social oppression and violence and the challenges of promoting peace and justice internationally and domestically. It also introduces more equitable, cooperative and nonviolent methods that can be used to transform unjust, violent or oppressive world situations. This course provides students with an overview of the Peace and Conflict Studies discipline, including key concepts and related theories. The course is designed to familiarize students with the historical background of various peace movements, to analyze principles used to resolve conflict, and to provide a view of how peace and conflict resolution are being pursued today. The course will also cover extensive understanding of current research and development within the field of peace and conflict studies and perspective of the environment, gender, migration, and ethnicity.

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Tohelptounderstandtherootcausesofwarandconflicts.
- 2. Toenablestudentsto analysethe mechanismofconflict resolutionaswellas confidencebuilding measures.
- 3. Tointroducethestudentstovariousperspectivesonpeaceandconflictresolution
- 4. Tomakethestudentsawareofthecurrentresearchanddevelopment withinthe fieldofpeaceand conflict studies and perspective of the environment, gender, migration, and ethnicity.

#### Course Outcomes

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to--

CO1. Understand thehistoryand subsequently causal factors along with resolution to conflicts around the world

CO2. Analyse the various techniques of conflict resolution and implementation of confidence building measures CO3. Comprehend the various approaches to Peace and conflict resolution.

CO4. Evaluate the socio-politico-economic as well as the environmental issues behind the global-regional and local movements and their impact on the overall well-being of the body-politic.

### **Course Content:**

MODULE 1.Introduction and basicconcepts	15	lecture
<ul> <li>DefinitionsofPeace; Historical experiences—ZonesofPeace and</li> </ul>	hours	
Conflict; Notions of Peace		
<ul> <li>Understanding Violence—Structural, Cultural, Directand Indirect</li> </ul>		
Violence, Feminist Understanding of Violence		
• DefiningandunderstandingSocialConflict-VarietiesandStages of		
conflicts		
MODULE 2. Evolution of Peace Studies	15	lecture
<ul> <li>Evolution (find synonymn) ofPeaceStudies</li> </ul>	hours	
<ul> <li>NatureofPeaceStudies</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>MethodsandApproaches</li> </ul>		
MODULE 3. Conflict Analysis	15	lecture
<ul> <li>Approaches to Conflict Analysis</li> </ul>	hours	
Conflict Analysis tools		

•	Conflict Management – Role of Lobbyists; Freelance/Private mercenaries (PMC)		
•	Conflict Resolution and ADR		
•	Conflict Transformation		
•			
Module 4.Cor	nflict Resolution in South Asia	15	lecture
•	Conflict Zones in South Asia- Inter- and Intra-state rivalry in	hours	
So	uth Asia – role of women in conflict resolution.		
•	Case studies – India-Pakistan conflict; India and the North-East;		
Sri	Lanka;		
•	UNO and Conflict Resolution		

### **Suggested Readings:**

Crocker, Chester A. et. al. (2007), Leashingthe Dogs of War: Conflict Management in a Divided

World, Washington D. C.: US Institute of Peace Press.

Deutsch, Morton(1973), The Resolution of Conflict: Constructive and Destructive Processes, New Haven, Yale University Press

Galtung, Johan (2004), Transcend and Transform: An Introduction to Conflict Work, New York: Pluto Press. Galtung, Johan (1996), Peace byPeaceful Means: Peace and conflict, Development and Civilization, London: Sage. Kriesberg, Louis (1998), Constructive Conflicts: FromEscalation to Resolution, Maryland: Rowman and Littlefield. Zartman, William(ed.)(1995), Elusive peace: Negotiating an Endto Civil Wars, Washington: The Brookings Institution.

### ModesofExamination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/GroupDiscussion/Presentation/Extempo/WrittenExam Examination Scheme:

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes (POs)

	Mapping betweenCOsandPOs					
	CourseOutcomes(COs)					
CO1	Understand the history and subsequently causal factors along with resolution to conflicts around the world	PO1,PO2,PO6				
CO2	Analysethevarioustechniquesofconflictresolutionand implementation of confidence building measures	PO1,PO2, PO4				
CO3	ComprehendthevariousapproachestoPeaceandconflictresolution.	PO1,PO4				
CO4	Evaluate the socio-politico-economic as well as the environmental issuesbehindtheglobal-regionalandlocalmovementsandtheir impactonthe overallwell-beingofthebody-politic.	PO2,PO3,PO5, PO6				

	Critical Thinking:			3		Research aptitude:
	Demonstrate	Managing	demonstrating	better	opinion	honingskills
	critical	diversityissues	theintegrative	understanding	makers:as	requiredfor

		researchskillsas	withinand organizational framework keepingthe ethics and values integrated.	knowledge, skills,andethics necessaryfor responsibleand leadership positions	itsuseand implication onsocietyat large		high degree research.
CourseCode	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21074	Peace and Conflict Resolution	3	3	1	2	1	2

1=weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21078	AREA STUDIES	L	T	P	C
Version1.0					
Pre-requisites/Exposure					
Co-requisites					

### COURSE CONTENT:

Australia and Oceania; Australia in Contemporary World- Australian Social Attitudes and Governance Issues; Non-Indigenous and Aboriginal relations in Australian society; Issues in Australia's Foreign Policy; Security Perspective of PIF countries—Fiji, Papua New Guinea, Vanuatu and New Caledonia.

Africa as an Area; Land, People, Language and Culture of Africa; Democratisation and the problem of apartheid in Africa; Globalization and its Impact on Africa; Ethnic/Internal strife in ,Africa; Africa and the World—African Union, Africa and the United Nations; India-Africa Relations.

Problems in Area Studies: The future of Area studies in higher academics—Analysing the fear of 'aspect blindness' in the investigator; the problem of funding and Institutions on area studies in India; The movement from global to local issues in the 21st century.

### REFERENCES:

David, S. (2004). The Politics of Knowledge: Area Studies and the Discipline, University of California Press. Glodstein, J. (2006). International Relations, Pearson Longman.

Paul, K. (1987). The Rise and Fall of Great Powers, Vintage Books.

Rhoads, M. (2015). A History of Asia, Pearson Education Limited. Todd, L. & Neil, R. (2009). The SAGE Handbook of Comparative Politics.

Kaul, M. (1993). Pearls in the Ocean: Security Perspectives in the Southwest Pacific, UBS Publishers Ltd.

### Modes of Examination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/Group Discussion/Presentation/Extempo/Written Exam Examination Scheme:

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

### $Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes \ (POs)$

		CriticalThinking	TeamspiritandDiversity	IntegrativeKnowledge	PolicyandSociety	Leadershipskillsandopinionmakers	Researchaptitude
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21078	AREA STUDIES						

1=weakly mapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21077	DIPLOMACY AND FOREIGN POLICY	L	T	P	C
Version 1.0					
Pre-requisites/Exposure					
Co-requisites					

### COURSE CONTENT:

- 1. Theorizing Diplomacy
- 2. The origins and development of diplomacy
- 3. What shapes the Foreign policy of major powers
- 4. Foreign policy in the developed World
- 5. Foreign Policy in the developing world
- 6. Foreign policy during and after Cold War and Institutions, regionalism and subregionalism.

### **Essential Readings:**

- Berridge, G, R(2010). Diplomacy: Theory and Practice. 4th ed. Basingstoke: Palgrave.
- Berridge, G, Maurice, R and Otte, T. G. (2010). Diplomatic Theory from Machiavelli to Kissinger. Basingstoke: Palgrave.
- Cameron, F. (2005) .US foreign policy after the cold war: global hegemony or reluctant sheriff, Oxon: Routledge.
- Nanjira, D. (2010). African Foreign Policy and Diplomacy: From Antiquity to the 21st Century, Vol. I, California: Praeger.
- Nanjira, D. (2010). African Foreign Policy and Diplomacy: From Antiquity to the 21st Century, Vol. II, California: Praeger.
- Laidi, Z. (2008). EU foreign policy in a globalised world: normative power and social preferences, ed., Laondon: Routledge.
- Lo, Bobo. (2002). Russian foreign policy in the post-Soviet era: reality, illusion and mythmaking, Hampshire: Palgrave.

### Modes of Examination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/Group Discussion/Presentation/Extempo/Written Exame Examination Scheme:

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term		
Weightage(%)	50	50		

### $Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes \ (POs)$

		CriticalThinking	TeamspiritandDiversity	IntegrativeKnowledge	PolicyandSociety	Leadershipskillsandopinionmakers	Researchaptitude
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21077	DIPLOMACY AND FOREIGN POLICY						

1=weakly mapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21079	Contemporary World Politics	L	T	P	C	
Version1.0		3	1	0	4	
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Graduate level understanding of International Relations					
Co-requisites						

### **Course Description:**

This course provides a comprehensive overview of the evolution of modern world politics, from the rise of the modern state to contemporary global issues. It covers significant historical events, such as the World Wars and the fall of the Soviet Union, and explores key theoretical debates like the 'End of History' and the 'Clash of Civilizations.' The course also examines the dynamics of regionalism and the role of regional organizations in Asia, focusing on ASEAN, SAARC, and APEC. Additionally, it addresses pressing global challenges, including terrorism, ethnic conflicts, environmental sustainability, and migration. Through this course, students will develop critical analytical skills and gain a nuanced understanding of current geopolitical issues, preparing them for careers in international relations, political science, and related fields.

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. This course will introduce the students with the multiple concepts and issues evolved in world politics from Cold War to Post- Cold War years in international relations, by providing insights into the current world landscape and major issues that affects across the globe
- 2. Through this course, the students will explore concepts, like globalization, the changing dimension of conflicts and non-traditional threats of security such as terrorism, migration and ethnic conflicts, environmental issues like climate change, the rise of regionalism and the emergence of Regional Organizations in Asia with special reference to ASEAN, SAARC and other sub-regional organizations.
- 3. This course aims to enhance students' understanding of world politics and cultivate critical thinking knowledge and skills and attempted to explain the organization, patterns, and events of World Politics

### **Course Outcomes**

On completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- **CO1.** Grasp the evolution of modern world politics, including key events and theoretical debates from the rise of the modern state to the end of the Cold War.
- **CO2.** Evaluate current global challenges such as terrorism, ethnic conflicts, environmental issues, and migration, and understand their impacts on international relations.

**CO3.** Understand the development and significance of regional organizations, especially in Asia, and analyze their roles and effectiveness in fostering regional cooperation.

**CO4.** Conduct independent research, present well-informed arguments, and apply critical thinking to propose solutions for contemporary geopolitical challenges.

### **Course Content:**

### Module I: Background of Contemporary World Politics – Historical origins and Evolution

**Unit I** – Emergence of the Bipolar World

**Unit II** – Challenges to the Bipolar World (Non-Alignment)

Unit III – Détente and Neo Cold War

### **Module II: Contemporary World Order Debates**

Unit I – End of Cold War and emergence of Unipolarity

**Unit II** – Contemporary World Order debates: 'End of History'; 'Clash of Civilisation' and 'League of Democracies'

Unit III – Rise of Multi-polarity and the Global South

### Module III: Regionalism and Regional Cooperation

**Unit I** - Meaning, Characteristics and Driving Forces

Unit II - Problems and Relevance in the Post-Cold War Years

**Unit III** - Rise of Regional Organizations in Asia with special reference to ASEAN, SAARC and sub-regional organizations.

### **Module IV: Emerging issues in Contemporary World Politics**

**Unit I** – Terrorism – Origin and Challenges

Unit II – Ethnic Conflicts

**Unit III** – Global Environment Issues: Rise of Green Politics; Climate Change – causes and consequences

**Unit IV** – Migration, Refugees and IDPs.

### **Suggested Readings**

- Brain White, Richard Little and Michael Smith (Eds.), Issues in World Politics, Macmillan Press Ltd, London, 1997
- Bhupinder S. Chimni and Siddharth Mallavarapu (Eds.), International Relations: Perspectives for the Global South, Pearson India Education services Pvt, Ltd, New Delhi, 2012.
- The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations, John Baylis, Steve Smith and Patrica Owens, Oxford University Press,, London, 6th Edition, 2014
- Brain White, Richard Little and Michael Smith (Eds.), Issues in World Politics, Macmillan Press Ltd, London, 1997
- 5.Francis P. Sempa, Geopolitics, From the Cold War to the 21st Century, Transaction Publishers, New Brunswick, New Jersey, 2002
- John Baylis Steve Smith Patricia Owens, The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations, Oxford University Press, United Kingdom, Eighth Edition, 2020

### Modes of Examination:1-minutevideo/Assignment/Quiz/Project/GroupDiscussion/Presentation/Written Exam

### **ExaminationScheme:**

Components	ContinuousAssessment	End Term		
Weightage(%)	50	50		

### $Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes \ (POs)$

		CriticalThinking	TeamspiritandDiversity	IntegrativeKnowledge	PolicyandSociety	Leadershipskillsandopinionmakers	Researchaptitude
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21079	CONTEMPORARY WORLD POLITICS						

1=weakly mapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21075	PUBLIC POLICY:THEORIES AND CONCERN	L	T	P	C
Version 1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Basicknowledge ofpolicystudies				
Co-requisites					

### **Course Objectives:**

The paper aims-

- To give a precise understanding of the subject by using various theories and approaches.
- To highlight the dynamics of political policy by incorporating the classical and modern theories and application of those to meet the recent changes in the edifice.
- To enable the students to ponder and debate.
- To help the students to understand abstract political concepts by grounding them in real-world examples and case studies. It also invites comparison between such examples and case studies to ensure a wider and transnational perspective.

#### **CourseOutcomes**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to--

- **CO1.**Makethestudentspursuetheprofessionaldegreeprogramsin fieldssuchas law,Public Administration,government,education,politics,policy,andbusinessandMastersinthesame as well as allied disciplines.
- **CO2.** Upon successfulcompletion of this course, students should be able to have knowledge of basic principles of how the public policies are implemented.
- CO3. Offer students the analytical and research skills needed to understand and explain politics, government, and administration.
- **CO4.** Prepare the students to appear for various competitive exams, especially the administrative services at both centre and state levels.
- CO5.IllustratetherelevanceandsignificanceofPublicPolicyin contemporarysociety.

### **CourseDescription:**

Public Policy is one ofthe core areas of Political Science. The history of this discourse is not very old as it had emerged in the decades of 1970s under the pedagogical domain of Public Administration. It deals to affect change and promotein novative solutions to the most criticalissues facing society. The paper focuses on various approaches of public policy in order to set a greater pluralistic perspective.

- I. ApproachesandModelsofPublic Policy I: Optimality and Improvement: Vilfredo ParetoJohn Rawls, Interest Aggregation and Articulation: Almond Gabriel
- II. ApproachesandModelsofPublicPolicyII.PolicySciences:HaroldLasswell,Policy analysisModel: Easton's, Mixed Scanning Approach: Etzioni's, Normative-Optimum Model of Policy making, Mega Policy and Meta Policy: YehezkelDror
- III. Approachesand Models of Public Policy III: Incremental Model: Charles Lindblom, Budget Maximizing Model: William Niskanen, Institutional Rational Choice: Elinor Ostrom, Development as Freedom: Amartya Sen
- **IV. Public Choice Models of Public Making:** Tenets of Public Choice; Downs's Contribution, Tullock's Contribution, Niskanen's Contribution
- V. Conceptual Framework of Public Policy: Institutionalism; Process: Policy as a Political Activity, Public Choice, Strategic Planning
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{VI. Major Theories of Public Policy}: Game Theory, Group Theory, Elite Theory, Systems \\ Theory \end{tabular}$

### **Suggested Readings**

Anderson J.E., (2006) Public Policy-Making: An Introduction, Boston, Houghton

Ashford,D.(ed.),(1992).History and Contextin Comparative Public Policy, Ithaca, NY: University of Pittsburgh Press.

Bardach, E. (1977). The Implementation Game: What Happens After a BillBecomes a Law, Cambridge, MA: MIT

Barker, A. and Peters, G (eds.), (1993). The Politics of Expert Advice: Creating, Using, and Manipulating Scientific Knowledgefor Public Policy, Ithica, NY: University of Pittsburgh Press.

Barzelay, M. (1992). Breaking Through Bureaucracy: A New Vision for Managing in Government, UCP, Berkeley, CA

Bergerson, P. J. (ed.), (1991). Teaching Public Policy: Theory, Research and Practice, Westport, RI: Greenwood Press

### ModesofExamination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/Presentation/WrittenExam Examination Scheme:

Components	ContinuousAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

### RelationshipbetweentheCourseOutcomes(COs)andProgramOutcomes (POs)

	MappingbetweenCOsandPOs				
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes			
CO1	Make the students pursue the professional degree. programsinfieldssuchaslaw, Public Administration,	PO3,PO4,PO5			

	government, education, politics, policy, and business and Masters in the same as well as allied disciplines.	
CO2	Upon successful completion of this course, students shouldbeabletohaveknowledgeofbasicprinciplesof how the public policies are implemented.	PO1.PO2,PO3
CO3	Offerstudentstheanalyticalandresearchskillsneededto understand and explain politics	PO1,PO2,PO6
CO4	Prepare thestudentstoappearforvariouscompetitive exams, especially the administrative services at both centre and state levels.	PO2,PO1,PO5
CO5.	Illustrate the relevance and significance Public Policy in contemporarysociety.	PO3,PO6

		CriticalThinking	IntegrativeKnowledge	PolicyandSociety	Teamspirit andDiversity	LeadershipSkillsandopinionmakers	Researchaptitude
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6
POS21075	PUBLICPOLICY: THEORY AND CONCERN	3	1	3	2	1	3

1=weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21099	FRENCH LANGUAGE	L	Т	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure			1		
Co-requisites					

### **Course description:**

The course is the amalgamation of four skills of learning a foreign language: understanding, writing, reading, speaking. This course makes the students enable to communicate inFrench in intermediate levelin their daily life conversation. This course allows students to strengthen their writingskill along with an intense knowledge of their culture and civilization.

### **Course Objectives:**

- $\textbf{1.} \ \ To provide the ability to speak in French and to comprehend any French conversation of A2 in termediate level.$
- 2. Tomakestudentsenableto speakFrench fluentlywithproperaccentsindaily-lifeconversation.
- 3. Todevelop understanding ofbasicconceptsofFrenchgrammarandwritean informal letterormail.

### **Course Outcome:**

Oncompletionofthiscourse, the students will be able to:

CO1:acquireagoodspeaking skill

CO2:Illustratelanguageskillsforadvancegrammarand communication. CO3:

acquire a certain level of writing skill.

#### **Course content:**

### UNIT:1FRENCH COMMUNICATION

- Décrireunévénementpassé
- Parlerdelasaisonpréférée
- Parlerdelamétéo
- Fairedescourses, fairedushopping, Lesmagasins spécialisés
- Décrireunobjet, Direà quoiça sert, enquoiestil
- Proposerunesortie/Fixer unrendez-vous

### **UNIT:2FRENCHGRAMMAR**

Passécomposéavecêtre, avoir, verbespronominaux, imparfait, L'expressionavec «faire», «avoir»
 «être», Lacomparaison, COD, COI, Pronoms Y et en, Formation desadverbes

### UNIT:3

- UneétudedétailléesurleSystèmed'Éducationde France
- SystèmepolitiquedeFrance—Latroisièmerépublique,Lacinquièmerépublique,LesPrésidentsFrançais
- Lesmonumentsfrançaiscélèbres

### UNIT4:

- Dialogueaumarché, àlapâtisserie, au restaurant
- DialoguesurleplandevisiterlaFrance

### **SuggestedReadings:**

- 1. ViteetBien, Claire Miquel
- 2. Echo1, Marion Alcaraz, Céline Braud, Aurélien Calvez
- 3. APropos, Christine Andant, Catherine Metton, Annabelle Nachon, Fabienne Nugue
- 4. ModernFrenchCourse,DondoMathurin,MathurinMariusDondo
- 5. LeNouveauSansFrontières- 2,PhilippeDominique, JackyGirardet, MichelVerdelhan

### ModesofEvaluation:Quiz/Assignment/presentation/WrittenExamination Examination Scheme:

Components	ContinuousAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

	CourseOutcomes(COs)	MappedProgram Outcomes
CO1	Developunderstandingofthelanguageinintermediatelevel	
CO2	Illustratelanguageskillsfordaily-lifecommunication	
CO3	UnderstandtheFrenchgrammar, culture and civilisation.	

		Knowledgeofsubject	Applicationoflanguage	Applicationoflanguage andtranslation	Softskillsand effectivecommunication	Life-longlearning
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
POS21099	FRENCH LANGUAGE	3	3	2	3	2

1=weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

# SEMESTER-IV

POS21090	Politics in Latin America	L	Т	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Good Knowledge of Social Sciences.				
Co-requisites					

### **CourseDescription:**

The course explores the dynamic histories, political transformations, and cultural contributions of Mexico and Cuba within the context of global affairs. This course delves into Mexico's evolution from colonialism to becoming a pivotal player in North American geopolitics and Cuba's revolutionary legacy and its enduring influence on global ideological movements. Students will examine key moments such as the Mexican Revolution, the Cuban Revolution, the role of these nations in Cold War geopolitics, and their contemporary challenges in a globalized world. Through a comparative lens, the course provides a critical understanding of how Mexico and Cuba have shaped and been shaped by international economic, political, and cultural interactions, offering unique insights into Latin America's role on the global stage.

### **CourseObjectives:**

- To explore the historical trajectories of revolution and reform in Mexico and Cuba and their impact on the region and the world.
- To examine the cultural, political, and economic influences of Mexico and Cuba in shaping Latin America's global identity.
- To understand the evolving roles of Mexico and Cuba in international relations from the revolutionary era to contemporary globalization.
- To analyze the intersections of ideology, governance, and global engagement in the development of Mexico and Cuba.

### CourseOutcomes:

**CO1:** Identify and explain the key historical events and figures in the revolutionary and post-revolutionary periods of Mexico and Cuba.

**CO2:** Evaluate the social, political, and economic impacts of the Mexican and Cuban revolutions within their regional and global contexts.

**CO3:** Differentiate between the political ideologies and governance models of Mexico and Cuba, assessing their unique approaches to addressing domestic and international challenges.

**CO4**: Relate the historical developments of Mexico and Cuba to broader global movements, such as anti-colonial struggles, socialism, and globalization.

**CO5:** Assess the current roles of Mexico and Cuba in global politics, economics, and culture, forming well-reasoned arguments about their strategies in a globalized world.

**CO6**: Develop comprehensive perspectives or projects that integrate the historical, cultural, and political narratives of Mexico and Cuba with their modern-day global interactions.

### **CourseContent:**

### Unit 1: Historical Foundations of Political Systems in Latin America

- Colonial Legacies and Independence Movements
- Revolutionary Movements and Political Transformations: Mexican Revolution (1910–1920), Cuban Revolution (1959), Military coups and transitions to democracy in Brazil (1964–1985).
- Cold War Dynamics in Latin America

### **Unit 2:Contemporary Political Systems and Governance**

- Forms of Government and Constitutions
- Federalism in Mexico and Brazil and its challenges.
- Socialist governance in Cuba and its constitutional evolution.

### **Unit 3:Social Movements and Activism**

- Zapatista movement in Mexico and indigenous rights.
- Landless Workers' Movement (MST) in Brazil and agrarian reform.
- Cuban support for global revolutionary movements.

### **Unit 4: Global Engagement and Emerging Trends**

- Mexico's engagement in multilateral institutions like the UN and WTO.
- Brazil's ambitions for a permanent seat on the UN Security Council.
- Cuba's medical diplomacy and international solidarity efforts.

### **Suggested Readings:**

- Beezley, W. H. (2011). *Mexico in world history*. Oxford University Press.
- Brands, H. (2010). Latin America and the Cold War. Harvard University Press.
- Coe, M. D., & Koontz, R. (2013). Mexico: From the Olmecs to the Aztecs (6th ed.). Thames & Hudson.
- Easterling, S. (2012). The Mexican Revolution: A short history 1910–1940. Haymarket Books.
- Galeano, E. (1997). *Open veins of Latin America: Five centuries of the pillage of a continent* (C. Belfrage, Trans.). Monthly Review Press. (Original work published 1971)
- Gott, R. (2004). Cuba: A new history. Yale University Press.
- Martínez-Fernández, L. (2014). Revolutionary Cuba: A history. University Press of Florida.
- Sublette, N. (2007). Cuba and its music: From the first drums to the mambo. Chicago Review Press.
- Easterling, S. (2012). *The Mexican Revolution: A short history 1910–1940*. Haymarket Books.

### Modes of Examination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/Presentation/Extempore/Written Examulation and the project of t

### **ExaminationScheme:**

Components	ClassAssessment	EndTerm
Weightage(%)	50	50

### **CO-POcorrelationMatrix**

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	2	3	1	0	2	1	3	2	0	1
CO2	1	2	0	3	2	3	2	1	2	0
CO3	1	1	0	2	2	1	1	1	0	0
CO4	3	0	0	3	3	2	2	2	0	0
CO5	2	3	3	2	1	0	0	2	3	3
CO6	0	2	2	3	0	1	3	1	2	0

POS21085	State PoliticsinIndia	L	T	P	C	
Version 1.0		3	1	0	4	
Pre-requisites/Exposure	GraduationinPoliticalscienceorpublicadministration					
Co-requisites						

### **CourseObjectives:**

The objectives of this course are to give the target students/audience an understanding of:

- 1. PhilosophicalbasisofIndianConstitution.
- 2. InstitutionalStructureandfunctionsofIndianPolity.
- 3. SocialIssuesinIndiaandPoliticalResponsestoapproachthem.
- 4. NatureandPurposeofSocialMovementsin India.
- 5. FundamentalsofIndianPoliticalSystemanalyzedfromvariedperspectives.

#### **CourseOutcomes**

Oncompletionofthiscourse, the students will beable to--

CO1-createsvalueinyoungyouthregardingthe patriotism.

CO2-knowaboutthemeaningsovereignty, types and characteristics.

CO3-understand the various Government of Indianacts their provision and reforms.

**CO4**-appreciate the various phases of Indiannational movement.

CO5-understandtheelementsandfactorsofstateand nation.

### **CourseDescription:**

At the postgraduate level the students study the analysis and description of political behavior & political system, and the practice of politics. Other than covering the National political system, the program also covers public affairs, government procedures & policies, public administration, modern and historical political systems and social movements which has brought gradual change in the political history.

The course will help students to critically analyse the relation between the various aspects of the societyand politics for example: gender, class, caste, migration etc.

### **CourseContent:**

\_\_\_\_\_\_

### Module - I

- Indian Constitution: Ideas and Practice (Indian Federalism; Citizenship CAA and NRC;
- Rights and Duties;
- Judicial Activism.

### Module - II

- Political Parties and Political Culture: National and regional parties; trends in the party system- from the Congress system to multiparty coalitions,
- Political Mobilization,
- Political Leadership.

### Module - III: Identity Politics in India,

- Secularism (Hindu Nat. and Minority Politics)
- Nationalism (Nat Identity, ethnic politics, secessionist movements)
- Social Justice (Dalit politics, Gender and Queer Politics)

### Module – IV: Developmental Issues and challenges of contemporary India

- E-governance;
- Direct beneficiary Schemes;
- corruption etc.)

### **Suggested Readings:**

- Arora,B.(2000). 'NegotiatingDifferences:FederalCoalitionsandNationalCohesion', in Frankel, F. Hasan, Z. Bhargava, R. and Arora,B. (eds.)Transforming India: Social and Political Dynamics of Democracy. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Jaffrelot, C. (2001). 'The SanghParivar Between Sanskritization and Social Engineering', inHansen, T.B.andJaffrelot,C.(eds.)TheBJPandtheCompulsionsof Politics in India. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Kothari, R. (2002). 'The Congress "System" in India', in Hasan, Z. (ed.) Parties and Party Politics in India, New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- Rodrigues, V. (2006). 'The Communist Parties in India', in deSouza, P.R. and Sridharan, E.(eds.) India's Political Parties. New Delhi
- Gupta, A. and Sharma, A. (2006). 'Globalization and Postcolonial States', Current Anthropology, 47 (2), pp. 277-307 [pp. 277-294, 304-307].
- Mohanty, M. (1989). 'Duality of the State Process in India: A Hypothesis', in BhartiyaSamajikChintan, Vol. XII, Nos.1-2.
- Palshikar,S.(2008). 'TheIndianState:ConstitutionandBeyond',inBhargava,R.(ed.)
   Politics and Ethics of the Indian Constitution. New Delhi: Oxford UniversityPress.
- Heywood, A. (2012). Political Ideologies: An Introduction, 3rd Ed., Palgrave Macmillan
- Gauba, O.P (2016). An Introduction to Political Theory, National Publishing house, New Delhi.
- Adams, I. (2001). Political Ideology Today, 2nd Edition, Manchester University Press.

- Ball, T. and Dagger, R. (2002). Political Ideologies and the Democratic Ideal, 4thedn. London and Newyork: Longman
- Ball, T. and Dagger, R. (2011). Ideals and Ideologies: A Reader, 8th edition, Longman.
- Bhargava, R & Acharya, A. (2008). PoliticalTheory: An Introduction, Pearson Longman
- Heywood, A. (2004). Political Theory: An Introduction, 3rd Ed., Palgrave Macmillan.
- Hoffman, J. & Paul Graham. (2006). Introduction to Political Theory, Pearson.
- Myneni, S.R., (2010). Political Science for law Students, Allahabad Lawagency.

# Modes of Examination: Assignment/Quiz/Film review (documentaries)/ Project/Group Discussion/ Presentation/Extempore/Written Exam ExaminationScheme:

Components	ContinuousAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

### RelationshipbetweentheCourseOutcomes(COs)andProgramOutcomes (POs)

	MappingbetweenCOsandPOs						
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	Mapped Program Outcomes					
CO1	createvalueinyoungyouthregardingthepatriotism.	PO-2,PO-3, PO-6					
CO2	know about the meaning sovereignty, types and characteristics.	PO-1,PO-2, PO-3					
CO3	understandthevariousGovernmentofIndianactstheir provision and reforms.	PO-3,PO-4, PO-5					
CO4	appreciate the various phases of Indian national movement.	PO-4,PO-5					
CO5	understandtheelementsandfactorsofstate andnation.	PO1,PO6					

		CriticalThinking	IntegrativeKnowledge	Policy andSociety	Teamspiritand Diversity	Leadership Skillsandopinionmakers	Researchaptitude
Course Code	CourseTitle	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO 6
POS21085	StatePoliticsin India	1	2	3	3	1	1

<sup>1=</sup>weaklymapped 2=moderatelymapped 3=strongly mapped

POS21086	GEOPOLITICS	L	T	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	Basiclevelknowledgeinhumanities				
Co-requisites	FundamentalsofInternationalpolitics				

### **Course Description:**

The subject aims to give students knowledge of the evolution, characteristics and principles of geopolitics. It will also elaborate on the understanding of geopolitics in which locational and spatial characteristics are the determining factors in how power is used in the international system. In addition, the supplementary aim of the course is to introduce various theories on geopolitics. Emphasis has also been laid on the inter-relationbetweenthetraditionalconcepts of geopolitics with the contemporary issues including the rising concerns about the environmental issues amidst political turmoil.

### **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Tohelptounderstandtherootcausesofwar and conflicts.
- 2. Toenablestudentsto analysethe mechanismofconflict resolutionaswellasconfidence building measures.
- 3. Tointroducethestudentstovariousperspectivesonpeaceandconflictresolution
- 4. Tomakethestudentsawareofthecurrentresearchanddevelopment withinthe fieldofpeace and conflict studies and perspective of the environment, gender, migration, and ethnicity.

### **Course Outcomes**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to--

CO1. Understand the evolution of statesystem and international society in the twentieth century.

CO2. Understand the evolution as well as theoretical applicability of geopolitics in the contemporary world.

 $CO3. Analyse the development \ of geopolitics before, during and after the Cold War.$ 

CO4. Evaluate the socio-politico-economic as well as the environmental issues behind the global-regional and local movements and their impact on the overall well-being of the body-politic.

### **Course Content:**

Course Content.	
UNIT 1.Introductionto Geopolitics	15 LectureHours
• Conceptsanddefinitions(ColinFlint Ch.1)	
TerritoryandGeopolitics(JohnAgnewCh.4)	
<ul> <li>Modelski's Model of geopolitics</li> </ul>	
UNIT2.StagesofGeopolitics	20 LectureHours
<ul> <li>ImperialGeopolitics</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>ColdWarGeopolitics</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>NewWorldOrder Geopolitics</li> </ul>	

Unit3.StudyofGeopoliticalStructure(SaulCohen)	10 LectureHours
Unit4.CurrentissuesinGeopolitics	15 LectureHours
<ul> <li>GlobalizationandGeopolitics(Agnew)</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>GeopoliticsinSouthAsia(FlintCh.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>EnvironmentalGeopolitics</li> </ul>	
Anti-Geopolitics	

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Agnew, J. (2003). Geopolitics—Re-visioning World Politics, Routledge: London.
- Agnew, J. (1997), Political Geography: A Reader, Arnold: London.
- Blouet, B. W. (2001). Geopolitics and Globalization in the Twentieth

Century, Reaktion Books: London.

- Cohen, S.B. (2003). Geopolitics of the World System, Rowman and Little field: Lanham.
- Cohen, S.B. (2009). Geopolitics. The Geography of International Relations. 2nd Edition.

Rowman& Littlefield Publishers Inc.

- Dodds, K. (2000). Geopolitics in a Changing World, Prentice Hall: Essex, England.
- Dodds, K. & David, A. (2000). Geopolitical Traditions: A Century of Geopolitical Thought, Routledge: New York Glassner.
- Nanjira, D. D. (2010). African Foreign Policy and Diplomacy: From Antiquity to the 21st Century, I, California: Praeger.

## ModesofExamination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/GroupDiscussion/Presentation/Extempo/Written Exam Examination Scheme:

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

## Relationship between the Course Outcomes (COs) and Program Outcomes (POs)

Mapping between COs and POs		
	CourseOutcomes(COs)	MappedProgram Outcomes
CO1	Understandtheevolutionofstatesystemandinternationalsociety inthetwentiethcentury	PO1,PO2,PO6
CO2	Understandtheevolutionaswellastheoreticalapplicabilityof geopolitics in the contemporary world	PO1,PO2, PO4

CO3	Analyse the development ofgeopolitics before, during and after the Cold War.	PO1,PO4
CO4	Evaluate the socio-politico-economic as well as the environmentalissuesbehindtheglobal-regionalandlocal movements and their impact on the overall well-being of the bodypolitic.	PO2,PO3,PO5, PO6

POS21089	INDIA ANDITS NEIGHBORS	L	Т	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure	UnderstandingofIndianForeign Policytrendstowardsits Neighbours				
Co-requisites					

## **CourseObjectives:**

- 1. Tomakethemunderstand theoriginandevolutionofIndia's foreign policy.
- 2. Tointroducestudentstothe originsofSouthAsianPolitics.
- 3. Toacquaint themwiththeconceptofpowerandtheneedofbalanceofpowerin international system.
- 4. Toprovide them with the knowledge of national interest and its importance in international relations.

#### **CourseOutcomes**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to--

- CO1. UnderstandtheevolutionofIndianpolityandits impact onthepolicyformulation process in the South Asian region.
- CO2. Understand the evolution as well as theoretical applicability of geopolitics in the contemporary world.
- CO3. Analyse the originand development of regionalism in the Global South.
- CO4. Evaluate the socio-political and environmental issues behind domestic unrest and their impact on the function of regional interactions in general.

#### **CourseDescription:**

This course traces the evolution of India's neighborhood policies over the years and studies the approaches adopted by different leaders. It is argued that India's recent neighbourhood practices such as strengthening bilateral ties, diplomatic engagements, sub-regionalism, elementsofcontinuityor changeandtheir applicabilitytoestablishingpeace intheregionhas made a great impact in the region. The complex regional dynamics, seen notably in India's relations with Nepal and Pakistan that serve as roadblocks in implementing a coherent neighbourhoodpolicy, are teased out. The course puts for the werp rospects of integration and offers a set of recommendations for sustained engagement between India and its neighbours to build peace in the region.

#### **CourseContent:**

Unit I.India intheSouth AsianRegion:	8lecture hours
UnitII:Indiaand Pakistan-MajorChallengesand Opportunities:	9lecture hours
UnitIII:IndiaandHimalayanStates-Issues,Relationsand Challenges:	10lecture hours
Nepal	
Bhutan	
UnitIV:IndiaanditsrelationswithotherNeighbours:	13lecture hours
Maldives,	
SriLanka	
Bangladesh	
UnitIV:The China factorinIndia`sSouth-Asiapolicy:	8lecture hours
UnitVI:India andSAARC-RoleandAchievements:	12lecture hours

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Bose, S. & Jalal, A. (2003). *Modern South Asia*, Routledge, London.
- $\bullet \quad Das, V. (2010). \textit{RoutledgeHandbookofSouthAsianCulture} and \textit{Society}. Routledge, London.$
- Ghosh, P.S. (2016). *Migrants, Refugees and the Stateless in South Asia*, Heidelberg University.
- Jha, N.K. (2009). *Democracy, Nation Building and Peacein South Asia*, Har Anand Publications, New Delhi.
- Rahman, A. (1985). Political Economy of SAARC, University of Press, Dhaka, 1985
- Rajagopalan, S.(2006). Stateand Nationin South Asia, Lynne Reinner Publishers, USA.
- Vohra, V.N(2001). Culture, Democracy and Development in South Asia, Shipra Publications, New Delhi.
- RobertMcMahon, *The Cold War on the Periphery: The United States, India, and Pakistan* (New York: Columbia University Press, 1994).
- JohnGarver, *The Protracted Contest; Sino-Indian Rival ryinthe Twentieth Century* (Seattle: University of Washington Press, 2001).
- Jayantanuja Bandyopadhyaya, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy: Determinants, Institutions, Processes, and Personalities* (Bombay: Allied Publishers, 1970).
- Sumit Ganguly, *The Crisis in Kashmir: Portents of War, Hopes of Peace* (New York: Cambridge University Press, 1997).
- Sumit Ganguly & Manjeet S. Pardesi, *Explaining Sixty Years of India's Foreign Policy*, India Review, Vol.8, No.1, 19 February 2009, pp.4-19, see https://doi.org/10.1080/14736480802665162
- Rob Johnson, A Region in Turmoil South Asian Conflicts since 1947, Reaktion Books ltd, London, UK, 2005
- Robert Bradnock, *India's Foreign Policy since* 1971 (London, 1990).
- A.Appadorai, The Domestic Roots of India's Foreign Policy, 1947-1972 (Delhi,
- 1981).
- A.AppadoraiandM. S.Rajan, *India's Foreign Policy and Relations* (New Delhi, 1985).
- G.W.Chowdhury, India, Pakistan, Bangladeshandthe Major Powers: Politics of a Divided Subcontinent (New York, 1975)
- William J. Barnds, *India*, *Pakistan and the Great Powers* (New York, 1972)
- Barnett R. Rubin, *The Fragmentation of Afghanistan: StateFormation and Collapse* in the *International System* (New Haven, eT, 1995).

- Stephen P. Cohen *and others*, *The Future of Pakistan*, Brookings Institution Press, N.W, Washington, D.C, *2011*
- Dahiya, Rumel, and KBehuria, Ashok, India "sNeighborhood: Challenges in the Next Two Decades, (Ed.), Pentagon Security International, New Delhi, 2012.
- Kohli, Manorama, From Dependency to Interdependence: A Study of Indo-Bhutan Relations, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi, 1993.
- Rajput, Madhu, Indo-Bhutan Relations through Prism of History, Manak Publications, (New Delhi: 2011).
- Stobdan, P., India and Bhutan: The Strategic Imperative, IDSA Occasional Paper No .36, September 2014.
- Ayoob, Mohammed. 1995. The Third Worldsecurity predicament: Statemaking, regional
- *conflict, and the international system*. Colorado: Lynne Rienner.
- AnaPararajasingham,(ed). *SriLanka: 60 years of independence and beyond*. Chennai: Centre for Just Peace and Democracy Switzerland.
- International Crisis Group. 2010. *The Sri Lankan Tamildias pora after the LTTE*. Asia Report No. 186. Colombo/Brussels: International Crisis Group.
- Kashikar, M.S.: "SAARC: Its Genesis, Development & Prospects"; Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai, 2000.
- Muni,S.D.andAmerada:"RegionalCooperationinSouthAsia",NationalPublishing House, Delhi, 1984.
- Das, D. K. (ed.): "Policies, Programmes and Perspectives: Study of Regional Cooperation in South Asia"; Deep & Deep Publishers, New Delhi; December-1992; ISBN: 81-7100-389-3
- Gupta, Anshuman: "SAARC: SAPTATOSAFTA" (2002); Shipra Publications
- E.Sudhakar: "SAARC: Origin, Growthand Future" (1994) Gyan Books Pvt. Ltd
- Sharma, Suman:"IndiaandSAARC", (2011), GyanBookPvtLtd
- Singh, Sudhir Kumar: "Handbook of SAARC", (2011), Pentagon Press
- Tridib Chakraborti, "SAARC and ASEAN in the Emerging global Order: A Pragmatist Comparative Analysis", inAnuradha Bose (Das)(ed.),SAARC -AQuest forUnity: Problems and Prospects, Minerva Associates (Publications), Kolkata, 2011, pp.72-112
- **3.** Waheguru Pal Singh Sidhu and Jing-dong Yuan, *China and India: Cooperation or Conflict?* (Boulder, CO: Lynne Rienner, 2003).
- **4.** NevilleMaxwell, *India's ChinaWar* (London: Jonathan Cape, 1970).
- **5.** John W. Garver, *Protracted Contest: Sino-Indian Rival ryinthe Twentieth Century* (Seattle, WA: University of Washington Press, 2001).

**6**MohanGuruswamyandZorawarDaulet Singh, *IndiaChinaRelations:The Border Issue and Beyond* (New Delhi: Viva Books, 2009).

- **7.**P.C.Chakravarti, 'Introduction', in *India—ChinaRelations* (Calcutta: Firma K.L. Mukhopadhyay, 1961).
- **9.** Amardeep Athwal, *China–India Relations: Contemporary Dynamics* (Abingdon: Routledge, 2008).
- **10.** C. Raja Mohan, *Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy* (New Delhi: Viking, 2003).
- **11.** JohnGarver, *ForeignRelationsof thePeople'sRepublicofChina*(Englewood Cliffs, NJ: Prentice Hall, 1993).

- **12.** SusanShirk, *China: Fragile Superpower* (Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2007).
- **13.** AlkaAcharya, *Chinaand India:Politics ofIncrementalEngagement* (New Delhi:Har- Anand, 2008).

ModesofExamination:1-minutevideo/Assignment/Quiz/Project/GroupDiscussion/ Presentation/Written Exam Examination Scheme:

Components	Continuous	End
	Assessment	Term
Weightage	50	50
(%)		

POS21078	STRATEGIC AND INDIAN DEFENSE STUDIES	L	Т	P	С
Version1.0					
Pre-requisites/Exposure		•	•		•
Co-requisites					

#### Course Content:

## Unit I. India's Geo-Strategic Location, Security, and Significance

- a) India's Borders- Nature and characteristics of land borders
- b) Indian Ocean territory and its strategic significance
- c) Internal and External Dimensions of India's security

# Unit II. Evolution of India's National security and its conceptual framework in the Contemporary Global Strategy

- a) Key concepts of security: individual, sub-national, national, regional, and global.
- b) Nature and character of threats to national security: Emerging trends and changing nature of India's strategic and security issues.
- c) Regional and External Actors and India's response

### **Unit III. India's Security Doctrines**

- a). India's doctrine of Land Warfare, India's maritime doctrine, Indian Air Force Doctrine, India's nuclear doctrine.
- b). India and the emerging world order.

India's strategic relations with neighbouring countries.

c). Indian Defence Organizations

#### **Unit IV: Defence Expenditures and Exports**

- a) India's Defence Budget;
- b) Defence Imports and Exports;
- c) Trends in Defence Research

#### **Essential Readings:**

- Venkateswaran, A.L., Defence Organisation in India, New Delhi: Government of India, 1967.
- Palit, D.K., Essentials of Military Knowledge, Gale and Polden, USA, 1951
- Roy, Koushik, From Hydespas to Kargil: A History of Warfare in India from 326 B.C. to A.D1999, Delhi: Manohar, 2004.
- Das, S.T., Indian Military: Its History and Development, Allahabad: Kitab Mahal, 1979.

- Bajpai, U.S., (ed) India's Security: The Politico-Strategic Environment, New Delhi: Lancers Books, 1983
- Jayaramu, P.S., India's National Security and Foreign Policy, New Delhi: ABC Publishers, 1978
- Dixit, J.N., Across Borders: Fifty Years of India's Foreign Policy, New Delhi: Picus Books, 1998
- Tripathi, K.S., Evolution of Nuclear Strategy, Vikas Publication Delhi, Bombay, Bangalore, 1970
- Subramaniam, K., Perspectives in Defence Planning, Abhinav Publications, New Delhi, 1972
- The Kargil Committee Review Report, From Surprise to Reckoning, New Delhi: Sage, 2000 · Paul D Williams(ed.), Security Studies: An Introduction. Routledge, New York, 2008
- John Baylis, James J. Wirtz and Colin S. Gray, (eds.), Strategy in the Contemporary World: An Introduction to Strategic Studies. 5th ed., Oxford University Press, 2016
- Bajpai Kanti and Mattoo Amitabh (ed) Securing India: Strategic Thought and Practice,
- Manohar, New Delhi, 1996
- Annual Reports of the Ministry of Defence, Ministry of Home and Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India, New Delhi
- Venkateswaran, A.L., Defence Organisation in India, New Delhi: Government of India, 1967.
- Chaudhury Rahul Roy, India's Maritime Security, Knowledge World, New Delhi, 2000
- K. M Panikkar, India and the Indian Ocean, Allen & Unwin, London, 1951
- Sharma, RC and Sinha PC, India's Ocean Policy, South Asia Books, New Delhi, 1994
- Harsh Pant, (Ed.), India's Evolving National Security Agenda: Modi and Beyond, Seattle: Konark Publishers,
   2019
- Harsh V. Pant, "Handbook of Indian Defence Policy: Themes, Structure and Doctrines, (New York: Routledge, 2016
- Jasjit Singh, India's Defence Spending: Assessing Future Needs, Knowledge Publishers, New Delhi, 2001
- Paranjpe, Shrikant, Internal Security in India: Issues, Structures, Approaches (Ed.), Indus Source Books, Nehru Centre, Mumbai. 2014
- Malone, D., C. R. Mohan and S. Raghavan (eds.), The Oxford Handbook of Indian Foreign Policy, Oxford University Press, Oxford and New York, 2015
- V.P. Malik and Vinod Anand, Defence Planning: Problems and Prospects, Manas, New Delhi, 2006
- Mohan, C. Raja, Crossing the Rubicon: The Shaping of India's New Foreign Policy, Viking Books, New Delhi, 2003
- Kanti P. Bajpai, and Harsh V. Pant (Eds), India's National Security: A Reader, Oxford University Press, India, 2013
- C Vinodan, Defence & National Security of India: Concerns & Strategies, New Century Publications, New Delhi, 2017 · Lt Gen AK Singh and Lt Gen Balraj Singh Nagal, Military Strategy for India in the 21st Century, KW Publishers Pvt Ltd, 2019
- Rajendra Prasad, India's Security in 21st Century, Dominant Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, 2002
- Pant, H. and Y. Joshi, Indian Nuclear Policy, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2018
- Y.Lakshmi, Trends in India's Defence Expenditure, ABC Publishing House, New Delhi, 1988.

ModesofExamination:Assignment/Quiz/Project/GroupDiscussion/Presentation/Extempo/WrittenExam Examination Scheme:

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

POS21079	SOUTH EAST ASIA: POLITICS, SOCIETY, FOREIGN RELATIONS	L	T	P	C
Version1.0					
Pre-requisites/Exposure			1	'	
Co-requisites					

#### Course Content:

Unit I. History of Southeast Asia

- i) Introducing Southeast Asia and the histories of Empires and Mandalas
- ii) Histories of Southeast Asia: Growth of Nationalism and European Colonialism
- iii) Decolonization, Modernization, and Nation-Building in Southeast Asia.

Unit II. Political Process of Southeast Asia

- i) Historical Overview: Interpretations of Southeast Asia
- ii) Religion, Social Identities, and Social Divisions in Southeast Asia
- iii) Social Identities and Social Divisions, Urbanization, and Citizenship
- iv) Democracy and Authoritarianism

Unit III. Southeast Asia and Extra-regional Powers

- i) Southeast Asia and American Foreign policy
- ii) Southeast Asia and China's foreign policy
- iii) India and Southeast Asia iv) Southeast Asia: Role of East Asia, Australia, and Indo-Pacific

Unit IV: Regional Organization and Transnational Issues

- i)ASEAN: Its Development, Functions, and Role
- ii) Illicit Actors and Crime in Southeast Asia
- iii) Issues of Terrorism, and Ethnic conflicts
- iv) Indian Diaspora

**Essential Readings:** 

- D.G.E., Hall. 1968. A History of Southeast Asia. New York.
- John F., Cady. 1964. Southeast Asia: Its Historical Development. New York, 1964.
- Bertrand, Jacques. 2013. Political Change in Southeast Asia. Cambridge University Press.
- Arthur Cotterell. 2014. A History of South East Asia, Marshall Cavendish International (Asia) Private Limited. Singapore.

- Amitav Acharya. 2012. The Making of Southeast Asia: International Relations of a Region, Institute of Southeast Asian Studies. Singapore.
- Nicholas Tarling.1992. The Cambridge History of Southeast Asia-The Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries (ed). Vol. I and II. Cambridge University Press. United Kingdom.
- Nicholas, Tarling. 1998. Nations and States in Southeast Asia, Cambridge.
- Donald E. Weatherbee. 2009. International Relations in Southeast Asia: The Struggle for Autonomy, Rowman & Littlefield Publishers, Inc, Second Edition. Lanham, Maryland, United States.
- Amitav Acharya, 2001. Constructing a Security Community in Southeast Asia: ASEAN and the problem of regional order. Taylor & Francis, Routledge. London and New York.
- Alice D. Ba and Mark Beeson (Eds.).2018. Contemporary Southeast Asia: The Politics of Change, Contestation, and Adaptation.2018. Third edition. Palgrave. Macmillan Publishers Limited. United Kingdom.
- Tridib Chakraborti, "The Territorial Claims in South China Sea: Probing Persistent Uncertainties," in Arun Kumar Banerji and Purusottam Bhattacharya (eds). Peoples Republic of China at Fifty: Politics, Economy and Foreign Relations. 2001. Lancer's Books. New Delhi.
- Tridib Chakraborti, Disparate Priorities: Explaining the Penumbra of India's Look East Policy", in K. Raja Reddy (ed.), India and ASEAN: Foreign Policy Dimensions for the 21st Century.2005. New Century Publications. New Delhi, 2005.
- Tridib Chakraborti. 1985. India and Kampuchea: A Phase in their Relations 1978-81. Minerva Associates (Publications) Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata.
- Dayley, Robert and Neher, Clark D. 2013. Southeast Asia in the New International Era (6th ed.). Boulder: Westview Press.
- Mark T. Berger. 2003. "Decolonisation, Modernisation, and NationBuilding: Political Development Theory and the Appeal of Communism in Southeast Asia, 1945-1975," Journal of Southeast Asian Studies.
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- Joshua Kurlantzick. 2014 (May). "Southeast Asia's Regression from Democracy and Its Implications," Working Paper (Council on Foreign Relations).
- James, Tyner.2007. America's Strategy in Southeast Asia: From the Cold War to the Terror War, Rowman & Littlefield.
- Jonathan, Rigg. 2003. Southeast Asia: The Human Landscape of Modernisation and Development, Routledge.
- Donald E.Weatherbee. 2005. International Relations in Southeast Asia, Rowman & Littlefield.
- John, Bastian, & Harry J. Benda. 1968. A History of Modern Southeast Asia. Englewood Cliffs. 1968.
- Claude A., Buss. 1970. Contemporary Southeast Asia. New York, 1970.
- Clive J., Christie. 1996. A Modern History of Southeast Asia: Decolonization, Nationalism and Separatism. Singapore, 1996.
- G.M, Kahin, (ed.). 1966. Governments and Politics of Southeast Asia. New York, 1966.

- Victor, Purcell. 1965. South and Southeast Asia since 1800. Cambridge, 1965.
- D.R. Sardesai, 2012. Southeast Asia: Past & Present, 7th ed. Boulder: Westview Press.
- Sandhu, K.S. & A. Mani. 2006. Indian Communities in Southeast Asia, Institute of Southeast Asian Studies. Singapore.
- Paul B. Rich and Richard Stubbs, eds.1997. The Counter-Insurgent State: Guerrilla Warfare and State-Building in the Twentieth Century. St. Martin's Press. New York. · Nayan Chanda.1986. Brother Enemy The War after the War: History of Indo-China after the fall of Saigon.1986.Collier Books, USA.
- Joseph Wong and Edward Friedman. 2008. Political Transitions in Dominant Party Systems: Learning to Lose, eds. Routledge. London, New York

ModesofExamination: Assignment/Quiz/Project/GroupDiscussion/Presentation/Extempo/WrittenExam Examination Scheme:

Components	ClassAssessment	End Term
Weightage(%)	50	50

POS21100	FRENCH LANGUAGE	L	Т	P	C
Version1.0		3	1	0	4
Pre-requisites/Exposure		•	•		<u>'</u>
Co-requisites					

### **Course description:**

The course is the amalgamation of four skills of learning a foreign language: understanding, writing, reading, speaking. This course makes the students enable to communicate in French in intermediatelevelintheir dailylifeconversation. This course provides students to strengthen their writingskillalong with an intense knowledge of the geographical foundation and abrief history of France.

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. Toprovide the ability to speak in French and to comprehend any French conversation of intermediate level.
- 2. Tomakestudentsenabletospeak French fluentlywithproperaccents.
- **3.** To give the students a brief panorama of geographical foundation and historical aspects of France.

#### **Course Outcome:**

Oncompletion of this course, the students will be able to:

CO1:communicateandcomfortablyunderstand thelanguage

CO2:Illustratelanguageskills foradvancegrammarand communication

CO3:Get acquaintedwithFrenchcultureandcivilisationalongwithhavingabriefoutlineofthe geography and history of France.

#### **Course content:**

#### **UNIT:1FRENCH COMMUNICATION**

- Parlerd'unévénementdefutur
- Donnerl'ordre
- Serenseignersurunlogement
- Exprimerletemps(depuis, ilya)
- Exprimerlasatisfactionetl'insatisfaction
- Parler desesprojets futurs

#### **UNIT:2FRENCHGRAMMAR**

• Le temps futur, chez + pronoms toniques, L'impératif, Le plus que parfait, Expression de fréquence, Les adverbes interrogatifs, Les pronoms possessifs, Les pronoms démonstratifs

#### UNIT:3

• L'histoireetlagéographiede laFrance.

- Ecrirelecourrierformel
- Dialoguechez lemédecin
- Retenirleschambresdansl'hôtel
- Retenir lesbilletsde l'express,duvol

## **SuggestedReadings:**

- 1. Édito1, Marion Alcaraz, Céline Braud, Aurélien Calvez
- 2. LeNouveauTaxi1, GuyCapelle, Robert Menand
- 3. Saison1, Marie-Noëlle Cocton, Elodie Heu, Emilie Kasazian
- 4. ModernFrenchCourse,DondoMathurin,MathurinMariusDondo
- 5. LeNouveauSansFrontières- 2, PhilippeDominique, JackyGirardet, MichelVerdelhan
- 6. Echo2, J.Girardet, J. Pécheur
- 7. AlterEgoA2,Véronique M.Kizirian
- 8. Saison 2

## ModesofEvaluation:Quiz/Assignment/presentation/WrittenExamination

#### **Examination Scheme:**

Components	Continuous Assessment	End Term
Weightage (%)	50	50

1=weakl ymappe d 2=mode ratelym apped 3=stron gly